

>> ALL RISE.

THE SUPREME COURT OF  
FLORIDA IS NOW IN SESSION.

>> NEXT CASE ON THE CALENDAR IS  
LENNART S. KOO V. STATE OF  
FLORIDA.

>> THANK YOU, MAY IT PLEASE THE  
COURT, I AM D. GRAY THOMAS  
REPRESENTING THE PETITIONER  
LENNART KOO AND I RESERVE FIVE  
MINUTES OF MY TIME.

MR. KOO WAS CONVICTED OF  
COMMITTING BURGLARY OF THE  
STORAGE UNITS AND BECOMING  
ALARMED IN THE PROCESS BASED ON  
THE TESTIMONY OF HIS EMPLOYER  
AND ALLEGED VICTIM, AFTER TRIAL  
BUT BEFORE SENTENCING, DOCTORS  
ALLOWED THE TRIAL COURT  
CHANGING HIS STORY ON SOME  
POINTS THAT ARE VERY MATERIAL TO  
THE THEORIES OF THE DEFENSE  
REGARDED LACK OF INTENT, CONSENT  
TO ENTER AND NECESSITY.

>> WHERE IS THAT IN THE LETTER?  
I READ THE LETTER AND READ WHAT  
YOU ARGUE AND IT SEEMS TO MEET  
THAT THE LETTER, IT IS CLEAR  
FROM A LETTER HE IS SORRY THAT  
THE END DEFENDANT GOT SENTENCED  
TO TEN YEARS AND WHICH THIS  
WOULD ALL GO AWAY, BUT ON THE  
CRITICAL FACTS WITH RESPECT, THE  
FACTS ON WHICH THE CONVICTION  
HAD TO BE BASED, I DON'T SEE  
THAT HE SAYS ANYTHING THAT TAKES  
THOSE FACTS AWAY.

TELL ME WHERE I AM WRONG.

>> THERE ARE THREE KEY FACTS AND  
THAT IS ONE OF THE THINGS THAT  
GOT THE TRIAL COURT AND FIRST  
DISTRICT MAJORITY HUNG UP, THEY  
GOT HUNG UP ON WHAT I WOULD  
CONCEDE IS A LOT OF OPINION IN  
THE LETTER, A LOT OF REGRET.  
THE KEY FACTS ARE HE HAD KEYS TO  
EVERY DWELLING.

THAT IS STATED IN THE LETTER.

>> ON THAT, I WILL LET YOU GO ON  
AFTER YOU ANSWER THIS.

BURGLARIES YEAR IS NOT THE BURGLARY OF A DWELLING. IT IS THE BURGLARY OF A STORAGE UNIT.

HE OBVIOUSLY DIDN'T HAVE A KEY TO THAT BECAUSE HE BROKE THE LOCK OFF.

I DON'T UNDERSTAND THE POINT YOU ARE MAKING HAS ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE CONVICTION IN THIS CASE.

>> A COUPLE POINTS SPECIFICALLY TO THAT QUESTION, MR. KOO CLEARLY HAD KNOWLEDGE OF THE ACCESS CODE TO GET INTO THE BUILDING IN THE FIRST CASE, IN THE FIRST PLACE AND HIS TESTIMONY AT TRIAL WAS HE FORGOT TO BRING THE KEY WITH HIM TO THE STORAGE UNIT.

DOCTOR SOLEIL TESTIFIED AT TRIAL, PAGE 183 TO 184 OF VOLUME 3 THAT MR. KOO DIDN'T HAVE KEYS OR ACCESS TO ANYTHING, ANY OF HIS PROPERTIES PERIOD EXCEPT HE CLAIMED THAT MR. KOO STOLE KEYS ON MORE THAN ONE OCCASION AND IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER WHEN ASKED HOW YOU SAYING HE STILL KEYS?

PROBABLY.

I WOULDN'T PUT HIM PAST HIM. WHO KNOWS WHAT THAT TRIAL TESTIMONY ULTIMATELY MEANS. HE ALSO CONTRADICTS HIS TRIAL TESTIMONY IN TWO OTHER RESPECTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT TO WHAT WAS IN MR. KOO'S MIND AS TO THE ISSUE OF CONSENT, 42 ENTERED DR. SOLEIL'S VARIOUS PREMISES.

THE LETTER DOES SAY HIS IRRITATION WAS INTENSIVE AND FRIGHTENING AT TIMES DURING TRIAL, PAGE 185 OF VOLUME 3 OF THE RECORD, HE DENIES HE EVER GOT MAD AT MR. KOO OR AROUND HIM.

THE TRIAL PORTRAYED MR. KOO AS ONLY WORKING FOR HIM ON AND OFF FOR A PERIOD OF TIME AND IN THE

LETTER HE MAKES IT CLEAR THAT HE HAS KNOWN MR. KOO FOR PERIOD OF YEARS AND MR. KOO HAS WORKED WITH HIM ON A CONTINUOUS BASIS SO HE IS CHANGING THE WHOLE PERSPECTIVE ABOUT MR. KOO'S RELATIONSHIP WITH HIM.

HE DOES ACKNOWLEDGE MR. KOO LIVED UNDER THE SAME ROOF, AND IN THE SAME HOUSE, HE DOES ACKNOWLEDGE -- WHAT HE HAS DONE IN HIS LETTER IN THOSE THREE MATERIAL RESPECTS IS TO ABSOLUTELY, ABSOLUTELY CONTRADICT HIS OWN TRIAL TESTIMONY AND CORROBORATE MR. KOO'S.

>> I AM LOOKING AT THE JUDGE'S DESCENT IN THE FIRST DISTRICT. THE DEFENSE, ONE OF THE DEFENSES WAS THE DOCTOR EFFECTIVELY HAD GIVEN HIM CONSENT SO CONSENT WAS AN ISSUE.

SECOND, HE DENIED HE HAD GIVEN CONSENT AT THE TRIAL.

SECOND HE HAD ASSERTED A NECESSITY DEFENSE, NECESSARY TO KEEP FIREARMS OUT OF THE DOCTOR'S HAND.

WHEN THE DOCTOR WAS ASKED ABOUT THAT, ABOUT WHAT HE SAID ABOUT THREATENING TO HARM HIS OWN LIFE, DID HE DENY WHAT HE HAD TOLD THE DEFENDANT?

WAS THERE A CONTRADICTION ON THAT ISSUE AT TRIAL TOO?

>> THE SPECIFIC TESTIMONY FROM MR. KOO WAS NOT FLATLY CONTRADICTED BY DR. SOLEIL OTHER THAN DR. SOLEIL DENYING THE BEING THIS PERSON WHO WAS EXPLOSIVE IN HIS TEMPER AND FRIGHTENING.

THE LETTER DOES SAY THAT HE TOLD MR. KOO MAKE SURE I DON'T DO SOMETHING I REGRET.

>> WAS HE ASKED ABOUT THAT AT TRIAL?

>> HE WAS NOT.

>> WE WERE REALLY HAD A POINT.

THERE HASN'T BEEN IN AND THE  
DENTURE REHEARING WHAT THIS  
WOULD QUALIFY AS LIKELIHOOD OF  
ACQUITTAL, YOU ARE JUST ASKING  
FOR AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING.  
I WANT TO MAKE SURE ABOUT THAT.  
WE ARE NOT SAYING THIS IN TITLES  
YOU TO A NEW TRIAL.

>> I DON'T THINK THE SLOP  
FORECLOSES THE POSSIBILITY  
SOMETHING COULD BE SO STRONG AS  
TO WARRANT A NEW TRIAL ON  
EVIDENCE SUCH AS THIS.

>> WE WOULD NEVER GRANT ON A  
MATTER THAT HASN'T BEEN TESTED.

>> I THINK THERE IS NO DOUBT  
THAT ALL OF THIS NEEDED TO BE  
FLESHED OUT IN AN EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING.

THIS COURT'S PRESIDENTS AND  
THOSE OF THE OTHER DISTRICTS ARE  
VERY CLEAR THAT IF YOU ARE  
HAVING DOUBTS ABOUT THE  
CREDIBILITY OF THE POST TRIAL  
RECANTATION YOU NEED A HEARING  
AND THAT --

>> WHY NOT BRING A WITNESS TO  
THIS HEARING?

WHY WASN'T THIS THE HEARING  
WHERE MORE EVIDENCE COULD HAVE  
BEEN SUBMITTED?

YOU WERE NOT PRECLUDED FROM  
THAT, WERE YOU?

>> HERE IS THE UNUSUAL THINGS  
THAT HAPPENED.

IN TWO OR TWEAK THE PLACES WHERE  
CASE LAW SUPPORT IN THE WRITTEN  
AMENDED MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL  
DEFENSE COUNSEL IN DEEDS DID ASK  
FOR AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING, SAID  
IT WAS REQUIRED AND JUSTIFIED.  
DR. SOLEIL DID NOT APPEAR AT  
THAT HEARING.

>> WHY NOT?

>> THAT IS WHAT I CAN'T ANSWER.

>> THAT SEEMS TO BE A PROBLEM  
FROM YOUR PERSPECTIVE.

FURTHERMORE WE HAVE JUST A  
MATTER.

THIS IS NOT EVEN A SWORN

STATEMENT.

ISN'T THAT ALSO A PROBLEM?

>> NO.

THE CASES THAT I HAVE CITED, YOUR HONOR, INCLUDE ANY NUMBER OF CASES WHERE THERE WAS ONE CASE FOR INSTANCE IN WHICH AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING WAS REQUIRED, UP BEAR WITH ME ON MY LIST, I APOLOGIZE FOR FUMBLING. THERE WAS THE MERE REPRESENTATION IN A SWORN POST CONVICTION MOTION THAT THE WITNESS RECANTED TO A THIRD PERSON.

ONE OF THE FIRST DISTRICT CASES INVOLVES A CLAIM OF RECANTATION THAT WAS REPRESENTED IN A SWORN MOTION BUT WAS BASED ONLY ON A VIDEOTAPE OF THE PURPORTED VICTIMS OF AN OFFENSE THAT THE COURT IN ITS DECISION SAID APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN MADE UNDER SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES THAT MAY HAVE BEEN VERY SUGGESTIVE TO THOSE WITNESSES WHAT THEY OUGHT TO BE DOING AND WHY.

THE COURT BELOW, GOT ALSO HUNG UP WITH THIS COULD NOT BE NEW EVIDENCE.

THAT IS NOT THE STANDARD IN ARCHER OR THE FIRST DISTRICT, IT IS A MATTER OF WHETHER YOU CAN PROVE MY EVIDENCE OF THE THAN THE DEFENDANT'S OWN MOUTH THAT THE WITNESS IS LYING AT THE TIME OF TRIAL AND THAT IS WHAT THESE THREE POINTS IN THE LETTER DO. THEY CHOSE THAT DR. SOLEIL'S POSITION DURING AND AFTER TRIAL CHANGED IN MATERIAL RESPECTS.

>> I DON'T SEE HOW

>> Reporter: IN THE CRITICAL RESPECT CONCERNING WHETHER THE DEFENDANT HAD PERMISSION TO GO KNOCK THE LOCK OF THE STORAGE UNIT AND TAKE THE GUNS AND SELL AT LEAST ONE OF THEM.

THERE IS NOTHING THAT CHANGES ANY OF THAT IN THAT LETTER.

>> YOUR HONOR, THAT IS ALSO WHY AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING IS CRITICAL.

DR. SOLEIL, WHAT DID YOU MEAN BY MAKE SURE I DON'T DO SOMETHING I WILL LATER REGRET?

WHAT DID YOU MEAN WHEN YOU SAY HE HAD KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING? DID YOU MEAN THAT TO BE LIMITED TO ACTUAL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES?

>> STORAGE UNIT IS NOT A DWELLING.

>> I KNOW IS NOT AND DR. SOLEIL IS A LAWYER.

>> HE IS THE PSYCHIATRIST, ISN'T HE?

>> WAS.

>> WHAT CAN I SAY?

>> THE POINT IS THAT THESE POINTS ARE NOT INHERENTLY INCREDIBLE, NOT OBVIOUSLY IMMATERIAL, NOT SIMPLY SPOUTING INFORMATION THAT IS NOTHING NEW TO THE CASE.

>> IT SEEMS TO ME THE LETTER IS BUYER'S REMORSE.

I DIDN'T THINK IT WOULD BE TEN YEARS.

THAT IS WHAT THIS LETTER SEEMS TO BE ABOUT AND OH MY GOSH, I KNOW HIS FAMILY AND IF HE HAS TO SERVE TEN YEARS HIS PARENTS MIGHT STILL BE AROUND THAT LONG. THIS IS A LETTER, SEEMS TO ME IT DOESN'T REALLY GOES TO THE HEART OF THE CASE.

IT GOES TO I AM SORRY HE GOT TEN YEARS.

>> THAT IS WHY YOU HAVE GOT TO FIND THE FACTS AND NOT GET HUNG UP AS THE MAJORITY BELOW DID ON THE MISSTATEMENTS THAT ARE OF REMORSE IN THIS LETTER.

DR. SOLEIL SAYING --

>> TELL ME.

IN THIS LETTER, WHAT WOULD NEGATE ANY ELEMENT OF THE CRIME HE WAS CONVICTED OF?

>> KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING GOES

TO IN TENT.

IT GOES TO CONSENT.

>> THE KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING GOES TO CONSENT OF BREAKING A LOCK AS JUSTICE KENNEDY SAID ON A STORAGE UNIT?

>> IT DEPENDS ON THE SCOPE OF MR. KOO'S AUTHORITY THAT WAS GIVEN BY DR. SOLEIL.

>> THE STORAGE UNIT ALONE? WAS IT YOUR TESTIMONY HE DID NOT GIVE THEM BUT THE AUTHORITY TO GO INTO STORAGE UNITS WITHOUT HIM?

>> DR. SOLEIL TESTIFIED TO THAT TRIAL COMMENTS AT AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING AFTER A TRIAL.

>> THIS LETTER SAYS THAT WAS DIFFERENT.

>> NO.

WE HAD SOMEBODY WHO WAS WRITING A LETTER, THEY ARE NOT BEING EXAMINED BY A QUESTIONNAIRE OR QUESTIONNAIRES TO KNOW WHAT POINTS THEY WANT TO FIND OUT TO GET TO THE TRUTH OF WHAT DR. SOLEIL IS SAYING.

>> THIS IS THE DOCUMENT YOU ARE RELYING ON.

WHERE IN THIS LETTER DOES ANYTHING THAT NEEDS THE ELEMENTS OF THE CRIME?

WHERE IS IT?

>> THERE IS NO ONE THING THAT HITS THE HOME RUN.

>> WHERE IS ANYTHING YOU CAN RELY ON?

WHERE IS IT?

>> THE ACCESS TO CHEESE.

>> WHERE IS IT?

>> HAD KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING, THE SECOND LINE OF THE LAST PARAGRAPH ON THE FIRST PAGE, PAGE 84.

>> THAT NEGATES WHAT ELEMENTS?

>> THAT SUGGESTS --

>> WHAT ELEMENT OF DEFENSE DOES THAT NEGATE?

>> THAT HE DIDN'T HAVE PERMISSION TO ENTER.

IT IS RELEVANT TO THAT.  
>> JUST SO WE MAKE SURE.  
WITH RECANTATIONS IN DEATH  
PENALTY CASES, IMPEACHMENT, YOU  
SAID IN THE TESTIMONY AT TRIAL  
HE DENIED, WHAT DID HE SAY ABOUT  
WHETHER THE DEFENDANT HAD KEYS  
TO HIS DWELLINGS?

>> HE SAID HE DID NOT -- THIS IS  
AT PAGE 183, VOLUME 3 OF THE  
RECORD, WHEN DR. SOLEIL  
TESTIFIED MR. KOO DID NOT HAVE  
KEYS TO ANYTHING.

>> IMPEACHES HIM ON THAT AND  
CREDIBILITY ISSUE, THAT IS  
TRUTHFULNESS.

IS THAT CORRECT?

>> IT IS MORE THAN CORE  
SOMETIMES REFERRED TO AS MERE  
IMPEACHMENT.

IT IS A SOURCE EXTERNAL TO THE  
DEFENDANT SHOWING THIS WITNESS  
WAS NOT TELLING THE TRUTH AT THE  
TIME OF TRIAL AND THAT IS THE  
STANDARD IN ARCHER AND KINDRED  
AND THAT LINE OF CASES.

>> HIS DEFENSE AT TRIAL, I HAVE  
THE RIGHT TO GO IN AND TAKE IT  
AND SOME ANYTHING I WANT.

>> NOT TO SELL.

THE DEFENSE AT DRAWER, DR.  
SOLEIL TESTIFIED MR. KOO TOLD  
HIM HE SOLD ONE OF A FIREARMS.  
MR. KOO'S TESTIMONY WAS HE  
STASHED THESE FIREARMS, THE GUNS  
AT A LUMBERYARD WITH FRIENDS AND  
WHEN THEY WENT TO RETRIEVE THEM  
THE NEXT DAY, THE 22 WAS GONE  
AND HE DOESN'T KNOW WHAT  
HAPPENED TO IT.

THAT GOES TO THE ISSUE OF DR.  
SOLEIL AT TRIAL INDICATING THERE  
WAS A PROFIT MOTIVE TO MAKE  
MONEY FROM SELLING STOLEN  
PROPERTY WHICH IS NOT SUPPORTED  
IN THE RECORD.

>> THE TESTS, THE TESTIMONY AT  
TRIAL TESTIFIED HE HAD BECOME  
CONCERNED DR. VICIOUS DIVORCE  
AND HE WAS CONCERNED HE MIGHT



HARM HIMSELF OR HIS WIFE.

DID HE TESTIFY TO THAT?

>> WHAT DID THE DOCTOR TESTIFIED TO WHETHER HE HAD THAT CONVERSATION WITH THE DEFENDANT? HE ADMITTED HE HAD THAT CONVERSATION?

>> HE WAS NOT ASKED THAT ABOUT THIS STATEMENT WHICH APPEARS IN THE LETTER, THE DEFENSE KNEW HE WOULD MAKE LATER TO MAKE SURE I DON'T DO SOMETHING I MIGHT REGRET.

THE LETTER DOES DEMONSTRATE THE EXPLOSIVE TEMPER AND IN PURE THREATENING MORE FRIGHTENING, GO THROUGH HIS EMOTIONAL TURMOIL DURING DIVORCE AND CUSTODY CASES.

>> CORROBORATING HIS DEFENSE --

>> YES.

>> JUST BECAUSE YOU HAVE KEYS TO A PLACE DOESN'T MEAN YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO TAKE STUFF OUT OF THERE, RIGHT?

>> RIGHT, OF COURSE.

IT DEPENDS ON THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

IF I HAVE SOMEONE WITH KEYS TO MY HOUSE EDGE AND EXPECTED TO TAKE MY JEWELRY, I WOULD CERTAINLY ACKNOWLEDGE THAT.

THE ISSUE COMES ON THE ISSUE OF WHETHER MR. KOO REASONABLY BELIEVED THAT HE HAD TO GET THESE GUNS AWAY FROM DR. SOLEIL TEMPORARILY FOR THE PROTECTION OF DR. SOLEIL AND OTHERS.

>> WOULD THAT HAVE BEEN BROUGHT OUT IN THE DEFENSE?

HOW COULD ANY OF THIS BE BROUGHT OUT NOW AS COMPARED TO WHEN THE TRIAL TOOK PLACE ORIGINALLY?

>> DR. SOLEIL WAS TESTIFYING VERY DIFFERENTLY AT THE TIME OF TRIAL THAN WHAT HE WROTE IN A LETTER.

>> WHAT DID HE TESTIFY AT TRIAL?

>> THAT HE NEVER HAD AN EXPLOSIVE TEMPER AROUND MR. KOO, NEVER DISPLAYED THOSE EMOTIONS,

TESTIFIED MR. KOO DIDN'T HAVE KEYS TO EVERYTHING, TESTIFIED MR. KOO WAS ONLY AND ON AND OFF EMPLOYEE AS OPPOSED TO SOMEONE WHO WAS THERE ON THE GROUND, EVEN LIVING ON THE PROPERTY WHERE DR. SOLEIL LIVED AND HAD HIS PRIMARY OFFICE.

THE WHOLE ISSUE OF WHAT MR. KOO'S ACCESS WAS TO WHENEVER PROPERTIES, THE RELATIONSHIP THAT HE AND DR. SOLEIL HAD, THE TRUST OR CONFIDENCE FACTOR, THE AUTHORITY THAT MR. KOO COULD REASONABLY HAVE FELT THAT HE HAD TO TAKE APPROPRIATE ACTIONS SUCH AS THIS, MR. KOO AT TRIAL TESTIFIED THERE WERE DRESSES DR. SOLEIL SAID FEEL FREE TO TAKE THOSE OUT OF THE STORAGE UNIT, THEY BELONG TO MY WIFE, SHE WILL NEVER WEAR THEM ANYWAY.

>> THIS DEFENSE OF NECESSITY STRIKES ME AS RATHER FAR-FETCHED.

PARTICULARLY WITH THE CIRCUMSTANCES INVOLVING THE SALE TO A THIRD PARTY OF ONE OF THE GUNS.

I AM HAVING TROUBLE UNDERSTANDING THE FACTS HERE, INCLUDING ANY FACTS THAT MIGHT BE SUPPORTED BY THIS LETTER WOULD SUPPORT A DEFENSE, THE LEGAL DEFENSE OF NECESSITY.

>> IN THE ISSUE OF SELLING A GUN, MR. KOO DID NOT SAY THAT WHEN HE WAS BEING INTERROGATED, HE DID NOT TESTIFY TO THAT DURING TRIAL.

DR. SOLEIL TESTIFIED THAT HE TOLD HIM THAT AT THE TIME THE GUNS WERE BEING RETURNED, BUT ISSUE REALLY.

>> \$300 TO BUY IT BACK, DIDN'T HE?

>> ACCORDING TO DR. SOLEIL. ONE OF THE REASONS WHY THE TRIAL COURT FOUND THE LETTER NOT TO BE TERRIBLY CREDIBLE WAS BECAUSE

JUDGE DANIEL SAID THIS  
EXPLICITLY, I DON'T FIND DR.  
SOLEIL CREDIBLE IN DURING HIS  
TRIAL TESTIMONY.

HE ACTUALLY FLIPPED THE  
ANALYSIS.

GOT TO ANALYZE THE CREDIBILITY  
OF THE RECONTATION EVIDENCE  
WHICH WILL REQUIRE AN  
EVIDENTIARY HEARING.

THANK YOU.

>> GOOD MORNING.

MATTHEW V. PAVESE ON BEHALF OF  
THE STATE.

THE LETTER HERE WAS NOT A  
RECONTATION AND THAT FALLS THIS  
ISSUE RIGHT OFF THE BAT.

YOU NAIL THE ON THE HEAD, THIS  
IS BUYER'S REMORSE.

YOU WERE PICKING UP ON THIS TOO.  
IT SEEMS LIKE HE IS UPSET AFTER  
THE TRIAL THAT WAIT A SECOND, HE  
IS GETTING TEN YEARS WHEN HE WAS  
JUST TRYING TO PROTECT ME FROM  
MY OWN SELF BUT HE NEVER SAID HE  
HAD CONSENT TO TAKE THE GUNS.

BECAUSE THIS IS NOT A  
RECONTATION, IT IS NOT NEW  
EVIDENCE, THERE IS NO CONFLICT  
FOR THIS COURT TO REVIEW TO  
BEGIN WITH.

>> THEY SAY IN THEIR OPINION  
THAT BECAUSE HE COULD HAVE KNOWN  
THIS AT THE TIME OF TRIAL IT IS  
NOT NEW LEAD DISCOVERED.

THAT IS NOT CORRECT.

ALL THE TIME IN DEATH PENALTY  
CASES, FOR WHATEVER REASON  
SOMEBODY CHANGES SOMETHING THEY  
HAVE SAID, IT MAY BE DIRECT OR  
IMPEACHMENT AND WE AT LEAST GIVE  
THEM AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING, WE  
DON'T SAY WE SHOULD HAVE KNOWN  
HE WAS GOING TO CHANGE HIS  
TESTIMONY AND IT IS UP TO THE  
JUDGE TO EVALUATE THE  
CREDIBILITY AND RECONTATIONS ARE  
VIEWED SKEPTICALLY BUT THE  
STATEMENT CALLING IN THE FIRST  
DISTRICT OPINION, DOESN'T

QUALIFY AS NEW DISCOVERED EVIDENCE BECAUSE IT COULD HAVE BEEN KNOWN IS THAT A CORRECT STATEMENT OF THE LAW?

I AM ASKING IS THAT STATEMENT CORRECT?

>> IN THIS CASE YES BECAUSE IT DID COME OUT AT TRIAL. THIS IS THE WEIRDEST PART ABOUT THIS CASE ACTUALLY.

>> ASKING ABOUT WHAT IS IN THE LETTER, NOT WORKING ON THE PROBLEMS THAT WORKING ON A LETTER.

>> WHAT IS IN THE LETTER --

>> ONE DISCOVERED?

THAT IS WHAT WE ARE TALKING ABOUT.

>> IS NOT NEW DISCOVERED EVIDENCE.

IS NOT NEW DISCOVERED EVIDENCE AND THE BASES WOULD BE BECAUSE OF WHAT WAS AT TRIAL BUT DEFENDANT ON PAGE 167 OF THE THIRD VOLUME OF THE RECORDS SAID HE DID NOT HAVE CONSENT TO TAKE THESE GUNS.

>> THAT IS NOT BECAUSE HE KNEW ABOUT IT.

YOU ARE CONFUSING THE SUBSTANCE WITH WHEN THIS COMES FORWARD AND THE STATEMENT OF THE FIRST D.C. A.

IT IS VERY DISINGENUOUS TO STAND THERE AND ARGUE THAT A LETTER THAT DID NOT EXIST AT THE TIME OF THE TRIAL IS NOT NEW DISCOVERED EVIDENCE BECAUSE A PARTY KNEW ABOUT IT.

IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO KNOW ABOUT SOMETHING THAT IS NOT CREATED UNTIL AFTER THE FACTS.

>> THAT IS CORRECT.

>> WE ARE WHERE WE NEED TO BE. WE DON'T ARGUE THE SUBSTANCE THAT THAT IS NOT HER QUESTION.

>> WHAT IT IS, NOT ONE SENTENCE THAT THE JUDGE HAD A PROBLEM WITH, CITING THAT SENTENCING, THIS CAN'T BE RIGHT, HE NEEDS TO

HAVE AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING,  
BECAUSE AS THE COURT'S DECISION  
HIGHLIGHTS WHETHER OR NOT THIS  
WOULD BE NEWLY DISCOVERED, CAN  
SAY THAT BECAUSE HE COULD HAVE  
KNOWN ABOUT IT.

>> HERE'S THE OTHER PART ABOUT  
THIS.

I MIGHT HAVE A DIFFERENT VIEW  
THAN MY COLLEAGUES, THE  
CREDIBILITY OF THE KEY  
COMPLAINING WITNESS IS AT STAKE.  
UNLESS I AM UNDERSTANDING WHEN  
THE VICTIM WAS ASKED DID HE HAVE  
KEYS TO DWELLINGS?

HE DIDN'T HAVE THAT, NEVER LIVED  
WITH ME, BUT HERE IN THE LETTER,  
HE HAD KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING.

I REALIZE HE DIDN'T HAVE KEYS TO  
THE STORAGE UNIT BUT IF I AM A  
JUROR LISTENING TO THAT AND I  
UNDERSTAND THIS IS SOMEONE THAT  
LIVES WITH OR HAS LIVED WITH THE  
PERSON IT CHANGES WHAT THE  
RELATIONSHIP IS.

WHY ISN'T THAT IMPEACHMENT TO  
ALLOW THE TRIAL JUDGE TO  
EVALUATE WHAT THE EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING SETTING, WHAT WAS THE  
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE TWO OF  
THEM AND ON THE NECESSITY SAID  
HE WAS THIS DEFENDANT  
LEGITIMATELY CONCERNED ABOUT  
VIOLENCE BECAUSE -- THESE ARE  
IMPORTANT THINGS FOR THE JUDGE  
TO EVALUATE IN THE TESTIMONY.

>> THE FIRST PART ABOUT WHETHER  
IT IS IN CONFLICT WITH THE  
TESTIMONY, WAS KIND OF UNCLEAR  
BASED ON THE DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY  
HOW HE GOT THESE KEYS, MIGHT  
HAVE GOTTEN THEM BY STEALING THE  
KEYS AND A LETTER MENTIONS HE  
HAD KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING.  
IT DOESN'T CREATE NEW EVIDENCE  
HE DID NOT RECEIVE THOSE LETTERS  
FOR THEM TO BE STOLEN.

THE QUESTION BECOMES --

>> LET ME MAKE SURE.

HE HAD KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING.

YOU ARE SAYING THAT MIGHT MEAN HE STOLE THE KEYS TO EVERY DWELLING?

>> THAT IS WHAT THE DOCTOR TESTIFIED TO AT TRIAL.

>> IT IS NOT CLEAR BUT IS HE ENTITLED TO AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING SO THAT THE JUDGE COULD EVALUATE THE CREDIBILITY?

END IF THIS IS SIMPLY BUYER'S REMORSE, WHAT HE SAID AT TRIAL WAS THE TRUTH, WHAT HE IS NOW SAYING IS BECAUSE HE FEELS BADLY THAT THE GUY GETS A TEN YEAR SENTENCE THE JUDGE CAN EVALUATE THAT.

>> AT THE EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON PAGE 110 OF THE FIRST VOLUME OF THE RECORD THE JUDGE OPENS UP THE HEARING BY SAYING WE ARE HERE IN A MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL AND IF I DON'T GRANT THE MOTION WE WILL MOVE FORWARD TO SENTENCING.

AT THAT POINT HAS THE LETTER AND WILL MAKE IT PART OF THE RECORD. THE COUNCIL DOESN'T OFFER WITNESSES IN SUPPORT OF THEIR POSITION HERE OR EVEN CALL THE DOCTOR TO TESTIFY.

ALL HE DID WAS DEFENSE COUNSEL BELOW WAS RELYING ON THE LOVE LETTERS TO FEED NEW EVIDENCE AND THAT WAS THEIR ARGUMENT AND THE TRIAL COURT SAYS LOOKING AT THIS LETTER I FIND IT TO BE IMMATERIAL.

>> THE TRIAL COURT'S SORTED DENYING MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL RECOGNIZE THE COURT WAS DENYING AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING HAVING REVIEWED THE LETTER AND FINDING THAT HIS TESTIMONY SHOULD BE CONSISTENT WITH THE CONTENT OF HIS LETTER WHICH FALLS SHORT OF SATISFYING THE STANDARD OF NEWLY DISCOVERED EVIDENCE BUT HE DOESN'T EVALUATE, HE IS SAYING IT WOULDN'T HAVE MATTERED AND IN AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING, THE

JUDGE IS PREJUDGING IT.  
MAY BE SIGNIFICANT IMPEACHMENT  
OF THIS WITNESS.  
THE JURY IS ENTITLED TO LOOK AT.  
>> EVEN IF IT WAS IMPEACHMENT  
THERE WERE OTHER FACTORS THAT  
COULD DETERMINE IF IT WAS  
MATERIAL TO THE TRIAL.  
THE LETTER DIDN'T SPEAK TO ANY  
ELEMENT OF THE ACTUAL OFFENSE AT  
BEST IT COULD BE CONSIDERED A  
CREDIBILITY ATTACK ON THE VICTIM  
BUT NOW IS THE VICTIM SAYING HE  
HAD CONSENT EVEN THOUGH AT TRIAL  
THE DEFENSE SAID I DIDN'T HAVE  
CONSENT, HAD TO DO THAT.  
EVALUATING THE MATERIALITY OF  
THE NEW POTENTIAL CONSENT TO GO  
IN, DOES NOT CHANGE WHETHER HE  
HAD CONSENT TO STEAL THE  
FIREARMS AND ON HIMSELF AND  
ULTIMATELY SELL ONE OF THE  
FIREARMS FOR \$300.  
>> THE JUDGE SAYS IT WAS TWOFOLD  
DEFENSE, FIRST THE DOCTOR HAD  
EFFECTIVELY GIVEN HIM CONSENT SO  
WAS CONSENT ONE OF HIS DEFENSES?  
>> YES.  
>> IT SEEMS TO ME IF I HAVE AN  
EMPLOYEE THAT BECOMES CLOSE TO  
ME AND I GIVE THEM KEYS AND HAVE  
THIS DIFFERENT RELATIONSHIP  
VERSUS SOMEONE ELSE, HE COULD --  
CHANGES WHAT I MIGHT THINK AS A  
JUROR.  
AT LEAST SOMEONE NEEDS TO BE  
GIVEN THE OPPORTUNITY TO  
EVALUATE THE DOCTOR TO SEE IF HE  
IS REAFFIRMING HIS TRIAL  
TESTIMONY OR SAYING I'D TO  
REMEMBER IS THAT I TALKED TO HIM  
ABOUT THE RAGE I WAS IN.  
I WAS A CRAZY PERSON AS I WAS  
GOING THROUGH THIS DIVORCE AND  
THE DEFENDANT KNEW IT.  
PRETTY SIGNIFICANT.  
>> HAVING KEYS EVEN IF IT WAS TO  
THE DWELLING, TO THE STRUCTURE  
EVEN THOUGH HE BROKE INTO THE  
STRUCTURE HE MAY HAVE HAD

IMPLIED CONSENT TO BREAK THIS LAW, STORAGE UNITS, WHEN HE ENTERED WITH THE INTENT TO STEAL THESE FIREARMS.

>> I THOUGHT, WHETHER SOMEONE SOLD THEM, WHETHER HE HAD TAKEN THEM, WITHOUT LOOKING AT THIS TRIAL I JOAN KNOW IF THAT IS WHAT THE VICTIM IS SAYING, IF HE WANTED TO GET MONEY HE NEEDED MONEY, THERE WAS A LOT OF JEWELRY IN THESE RESIDENCES, HE COULD HAVE TAKEN A LOT OF OTHER THINGS FROM THE THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN A FAR MORE VALUE.

>> EVEN IF IT SPOKE TO THE NECESSITY DEFENSE THE EMINENCE FACTOR, AND WHETHER OR NOT THERE WAS NOT ANOTHER REASONABLE MEANS AND THE STATE IN ITS CLOSING ARGUMENT AND THE ARGUMENT BELOW HUNG ITS HAT THAT EVEN IF HE HAS CONSENT TO COME IN HERE AND TAKE THESE THERE IS NO REASON FOR HIM TO DO IT THIS.

IT WAS NOT IN LOOKING AT THE NECESSITY, WAS NOT EMINENT AND THERE WERE OTHER REASONABLE WAYS AND THAT IS WHAT THE STATE WAS ARGUING TO THE JURY.

THERE WERE OTHER OPTIONS FOR MR. KOO TO EFFECT WAIT HIS OWN SAFETY.

DIDN'T NEED TO TAKE THE GUNS OR SELL ONE OF THE GUNS.

>> COULD GO DOWN THE STREET AND NOT COME BACK.

>> CALL THE POLICE, HE DIDN'T FEEL THE POLICE WOULD HELP THE TESTIMONY AT TRIAL BUT BREAKING, COMMITTING FOR ALL INTENTS AND PURPOSES AND ARMS BURGLARY TO PROTECT YOURSELF AND HIDING SOME OF THESE GUNS IN A LUMBER YARD WHICH IS WHAT THE RECORD BEARS OUT, CERTAINLY NOT THE SAFEST WAY TO PROTECT ANYBODY LET ALONE YOUR OWN SAFETY.

>> GIVE IT BACK AND NEXT DAY?

>> HE DID WHICH THE STATE ARGUED



UNDERMINED THE NECESSITY DEFENSE BECAUSE CLEARLY HE DID NOT FEEL SAFE IF HE RODE TO THE STORAGE UNIT AND GAVE THE GUNS BACK AND NEXT DAY.

THE ISSUE AT TRIAL WAS NOT NECESSARILY WHETHER HE TOOK THE GUNS, IT WAS WHETHER THIS WAS THE NECESSITY AND THIS DOES NOT CHANGE AND THE LETTER EVEN CONTRADICTS ITSELF IN PLACES WHERE THE DOCTOR GOES ON TO SAY YOU MIGHT HAVE BEEN PROTECTING ME FROM MY OWN SELF, HOWEVER OF COURSE I WOULD NEVER HARM MY WIFE OR ANYBODY ELSE.

>> HE IS NOT GOING TO ADMIT, WE DON'T KNOW, MAYBE THE PROBLEM IS IF THE ISSUE WAS IS NOT AN AFFIDAVIT UNDER ROSE AND QUALIFY THAT WOULD BE A DIFFERENT ISSUE SO MAYBE THERE WOULD BE A REASON FOR THEM TO HAVE THIS PC A DECIDING ISN'T WASN'T UNDER OATH IT DOESN'T MEET THE STANDARD. WE ARE DEALING WITH IT AS IF SOMEONE EVALUATED NOT LETTER, THIS IS SORT OF AN UNUSUAL CRIME AS I AM HEARING THIS, YOU DO QUESTION THE MOTIVE, AND THE CONTEXT MAY HAVE HELPED THE JURY DECIDED TO EXPRESS' ITS PARDON POWER TO REALLY GIVE CONTEXT THAT THIS REALLY, THIS GUY WASN'T GUILTY OF THE CRIME THE STATE CHARGED HIM WITH BECAUSE OF WHAT THE VICTIM HAD TO SAY.

>> COULD I ASK YOU A QUESTION ABOUT WHETHER THE TRIAL COURT EVER SAID THAT THE TRIAL COURT WAS DENYING AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING?

>> THAT DOES NOT APPEAR ON THE RECORD AT LEAST I CAN'T FIND A PLACE IN THE RECORDS AS WE WON'T ALLOW AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON THIS ISSUE.

IT APPEARS THE DEFENSE JUST CHOSE NOT TO CALL MR. KOO AS A WITNESS, MAYBE BECAUSE OF THE

USUAL FACTS IN THIS CASE, WHEN WE LOOK OF THE TRIAL TRANSCRIPT FROM MR. KOO THE STATE CALLED HIM, THE VICTIM, THREE QUESTIONS, DID HE HAVE CONSENT TO ENTER, NO, IS THE UP, THE ONE WHO TOOK THE GUNS, YES, IS THIS YOUR FIREARM, WE WILL ENTER INTO THAT, AND THAT IS ALL THE STATE WANTED FROM THIS VICTIM IN THE CASE ISN'T WASN'T UNTIL CROSS-EXAMINATION WHERE THE DEFENSE TRIES TO ELICIT MORE OF THE FACTS OF THE TESTIMONY AND THAT COULD POTENTIALLY BE PART OF THE REASON THE DEFENSE DIDN'T CHOOSE TO CALL THIS WITNESS BECAUSE WE DON'T KNOW WHAT IS COMING OUT OF HIS MOUTH HALF THE TIME.

THE TRIAL COURT TOOK INTO CONSIDERATION THE LETTER AND EVEN IF IT DETERMINED BASED ON THE ORIGINAL TESTIMONY IN THIS APPARENTLY CONFLICTING WHERE IT MAY CONFLICT THE TRIAL COURT SAID IT IS IMMATERIAL EVEN IF -->> THE ASPECT OF THIS LETTER THE DEFENDANT IS BRINGING TO THE COURT, DID THE DOCTOR ACTUALLY SAY IN HIS TRIAL TESTIMONY THAT HE NEVER DISCUSSED WITH MR. KOO IS VOLATILITY AND PROBLEMS WITH HIS WIFE?

>> I DON'T RECALL, THAT CAME OUT IN TRIAL, I DON'T RECALL IF IT WAS MR. KOO WHO TESTIFIED ABOUT HIS DIVORCE.

>> MR. KOO DID.

DID THE DOCTOR DENIED THAT?

>> I DON'T RECALL THAT.

I DON'T RECALL HE WAS ASKED.

>> DID THE DOCTOR IN THIS TRIAL TESTIMONY BECAUSE OF A PART OF A LETTER ABOUT THE KEYS WAS VERY IMPORTANT, THAT THE DOCTOR SAY THAT HE NEVER HAD ANY KEYS?

>> I THINK THE ULTIMATE WAY IT CAME OUT IS IF HE HAD THE KEY IS, HE WOULD HAVE STOLEN THE

KEYS AND STEALS THINGS FROM ME.  
THAT WAS IN REFERENCE TO THE  
KEYS OF THE DWELLING.

IT DOESN'T SEEM THERE WAS  
CONFLICT IN THE TESTIMONY ABOUT  
BREAKING THE LOCK.

>> THAT IS NOT WHAT HE SAYS IN  
THE LETTER.

HE HAD KEYS TO MY DWELLING,  
COULD HAVE TAKEN SOMETHING ELSE.

IF THE ISSUE IS HE IS SAYING  
THEY ARE STOLEN WE DON'T KNOW.

THAT IS WHY AN EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING WOULD FLESH THIS OUT.

>> THE LETTER DIDN'T SAY I GAVE  
HIM CONSENT.

>> JUST SAID HE HAD KEYS.

>> THERE WAS ONE OTHER ASPECT OF  
THIS THAT THE DEFENSE SAYS WAS  
VERY IMPORTANT.

WAS THE DOCTOR ASKED ABOUT THE  
SELLING OF THE GUNS, THE GUN?  
WHAT DID THE DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY

--

>> HE SAID HE NEEDED TO GIVE THE  
A, \$300 TO RETRIEVE ONE OF THE  
FIREARMS WHICH THROUGHOUT THE  
DEPENDENCY OF THIS NEVER  
RECEIVED THAT.

THERE WAS EVEN SOME DISCREPANCY  
ABOUT HOW MANY GUNS BECAUSE IT  
MIGHT HAVE BEEN A BB GUN, THERE  
WERE SEVERAL GUNS TAKEN, AND  
GIVING \$300, DIDN'T REPORT THIS  
TO THE POLICE FOR A MONTH UNTIL  
FOR WHATEVER REASON, I ASSUME  
ANOTHER FALLING OUT BETWEEN THE  
TWO, FELT IT NECESSARY TO  
FINALLY REPORT THIS TO THE  
POLICE BUT IT DID COME OUT AT  
TRIAL THAT HE SOLD ONE OF THE  
GUNS.

>> IT SEEMS THE DOCTOR WAS  
CONVICTED IN THE ORIGINAL TRIAL.  
WHEN ASKED ON NOVEMBER 14TH DID  
YOU AND THE DEFENDANT GOING TO  
THE STORAGE UNIT, HE SAID I LOVE  
YOU, MAN, BUT I'M GOING TO HAVE  
TO GO WITH THE TRUTH.  
IT SEEMS AS IF BY THAT

TESTIMONY, HE TO CAN'T REALLY WANT TO IMPLICATE HIM.

>> EXACTLY.

HE EVEN SAID IT AGAIN ON PAGE 185, I LOVED LENNART, WANTED HIM TO DO WELL.

THE DOCTOR WAS CONFLICTED THAT THIS CASE HAD TO GO TO TRIAL AND IT SEEMS MAYBE HE DIDN'T KNOW THERE WAS A TEN YEAR MANDATORY MINIMUM COME IN MR. KOO'S WAY IF HE IS FOUND GUILTY AND THAT WAS THIS OFFER OF MITIGATION AFTERWARDS.

>> WHAT ABOUT THE ACTUAL TRIAL?

>> IT WAS PRIOR TO SENTENCING A MONTH PRIOR TO SENTENCING.

JULY 24TH, THE LETTER WOULD HAVE BEEN RECEIVED SEPTEMBER 2ND I BELIEVE AND ENTERED INTO EVIDENCE OCTOBER 2ND AT THE HEARING.

SO FOR THESE REASONS THE STATE REQUESTS THIS COURT AFFIRMED THE DECISION.

THANK YOU.

>> I WILL GIVE YOU A COPY NEXT.

>> I WOULD LIKE THE COURT TO CONSIDER AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING REGARDING WHAT IS ADMITTED BY THIS LETTER WOULD DO TO A JURY IF THE JURY HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO HEAR THAT AND WHAT REASONABLE DOUBT, WHAT REASONABLE DOUBT THAT WOULD CREATE IN THE JURY'S MINDS THAT MR. KOO WAS CULPABLE OF A CRIMINAL OFFENSE FOR THIS MATTER AS THE COURT RECENTLY DESCRIBED IN THE COURT'S DECISION.

THAT IS THE TOUCHSTONE WITH REASONABLE DOUBT WOULD BE CREATED, THAT IS THE TOUCHSTONE OF PROBABILITY UPON RETRIAL.

WE CAN'T QUITE GET THERE UNTIL WE HAVE AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING.

>> WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE, OVER AND OVER DURING THIS ARGUMENT THAT THE DEFENDANT REQUESTED IT? IT APPEARED THERE WAS A TIME SET

FOR CONSIDERATION OF THIS MOTION  
AND TO PASS ASK THE TRIAL JUDGE  
FOR AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING.  
HOW DOES ONE WHOLE TRIAL JUDGE  
IN ERROR IF THE TRIAL JUDGE IS  
NEVER ASKED FOR THE EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING?

>> THE TRIAL JUDGE WAS ASKED FOR  
AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING AND  
AMENDED MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL  
IN AT LEAST THREE PLACES.

>> DID DEFENSE COUNSEL HAVE A  
WITNESS TO PUT ON DURING  
WHATEVER THE HEARING WAS AT THE  
TRIAL JUDGE BRANDED?

>> THE DEFENSE COUNSEL DID NOT  
PRESENT DR. SOLEIL BECAUSE THE  
TRIAL JUDGE -- IF YOU LOOK AT  
THE CASES, WHETHER IT IS KNEW  
THE DISCOVERED EVIDENCE,  
CERTAINLY JUST CRUMBLING PIECES  
OF PAPER FLOATING AROUND ARE NOT  
DIRECTLY ADMISSIBLE IN AN  
EVIDENTIARY HEARING.

>> THAT IS WHY AN EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING WAS NECESSARY.

THE TRIAL JUDGE ASSESSED THE  
CREDIBILITY OF DR. SOLEIL'S  
LETTER WITHOUT AN EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING.

THIS COURT, THAT ENTIRE LINE OF  
CASES, YOU NEED AN EVIDENTIARY  
HEARING FOR THE CREDIBILITY,  
UNLESS IT ADDS NOTHING NEW AT  
WORK IT IS CLEARLY IMMATERIAL TO  
ANYTHING AT ISSUE IN THE TRIAL  
OR IN THE WORDS OF THE FIRST  
DC-8 THE ASSERTIONS ARE  
INHERENTLY INCREDIBLE AND THESE  
CONTENTIONS AND DR. SOLEIL'S  
LETTERS ARE NONE OF THOSE.  
I ASKED THE COURT'S RULE.