

>> SUPREME COURT OF FLORIDA IS  
NOW IN SESSION, PLEASE BE  
SEATED

>> LAST CASE FOR THE DAY  
IS CALHOUN VERSUS STATE OF  
FLORIDA.

YOU MAY PROCEED.

>> MAY IT PLEASE THE COURT.  
WILLIAM McCLAIN REPRESENTING  
JOHNNY CALHOUN.

MR. CALHOUN WAS CONVICTED OF  
FIRST-DEGREE MURDER AND  
KIDNAPPING IN HOLMES COUNTY  
OF MIA BROWN.

STATE'S EVIDENCE WAS LARGELY  
CIRCUMSTANTIAL.

MR. CALHOUN KNEW MIA BROWN.  
HE ASKED HER FOR A RIDE ON  
DECEMBER 16th, 2010.

THE NEXT DAY THEY WERE BOTH  
REPORTED MISSING.

THERE WAS KIND OF A MISSING  
FLIER THAT WENT OUT.

THEY WERE SEARCHING FOR HER.

BOTH OF THEM, PHOTOGRAPHS OF

BOTH OF THEM ON THE SAME FLIER.

MISS, MIA BROWN'S CAR WAS FOUND

THE NEXT DAY IN THE GENEVA

COUNTY AREA OF ALABAMA.

IT HAD BEEN COMPLETELY

CONSUMED BY FIRE.

HER REMAINS WERE FOUND IN THE

TRUNK OF THE CAR.

HER REMAINS HAD COAXIAL CABLE

BINDING HER WRIST AND EVIDENCE

OF DUCT TAPE ON THE BODY.

>> LET ME ASK YOU ON THESE

FACTS, I THOUGHT THERE WAS SOME

INDICATION THAT MR. CALHOUN WAS

DRIVING THE VICTIM'S CAR AT

SOME POINT BUT IF THE VICTIM

AND THE CAR WERE BURNED, WHAT

CAR WAS MR. CALHOUN DRIVING?

>> WELL, THERE WAS EVIDENCE

THAT MR. CALHOUN, THIS, THERE

WAS EVIDENCE OF MR. CALHOUN

STOPPING AT A CONVENIENCE STORE  
IN SOUTH ALABAMA IN THE EARLY  
MORNING HOURS OF THE 17th OF  
DECEMBER.

>> THIS WAS BEFORE THE CAR WAS  
SET ON FIRE?

>> YES.

>> OKAY.

>> NOW, THE TESTIMONY WAS HE  
WAS DRIVING A WHITE FOUR-DOOR  
CAR WHICH WAS CONSISTENT WITH  
HER CAR.

I DON'T RECALL THERE WAS  
EVIDENCE IDENTIFYING THAT IT IS  
HER CAR BY THE WITNESS BUT IT  
WAS CONSISTENT WITH HER CAR.

THAT WAS THE EARLY MORNING  
HOURS OF THE 17th.

THE FIRE OF THE CAR, THE  
BURNING OF THE CAR LIKELY  
OCCURRED AROUND 10:30 IN THE  
MORNING ON THE 17th, 10:30 TO  
11:00 ON THE MORNING OF THE

17th, BASED ON WITNESSES SEEING  
A LARGE FIRE PLUME IN THE  
GENERAL AREA WHERE THE CAR WAS  
ULTIMATELY FOUND.

THE EVIDENCE, ALSO, IN  
MR. CALHOUN, LIVED IN A CAMPER  
TRAILER ON THE GROUNDS OF HIS  
FATHER'S SCRAP METAL BUSINESS.  
INSIDE THE TRAILER THERE WAS  
ITEMS OF EVIDENCE THAT BELONGED  
TO MIA BROWN.

THERE WAS ALSO DNA EVIDENCE  
FOUND IN THERE.

>> BECAUSE OF THE BURNING OF  
THE BODY AND THE CONDITION THE  
BODY WAS IN, WERE, WAS THE  
MEDICAL EXAMINER ABLE TO SAY  
WHETHER OR NOT MISS BROWN WAS  
DEAD AT THE TIME SHE WAS PUT IN  
THE TRUNK OF THE CAR OR NOT?

>> THE MEDICAL EXAMINER'S  
TESTIMONY ABOUT THE ACTUAL  
CAUSE OF DEATH WAS IT WAS DUE TO

SMOKE INHALATION AND BURNING.

THAT WAS PREMISED UPON THERE

WAS ENOUGH --

>> WAS SHE CONSCIOUS OR, I

GUESS THAT'S THE REAL QUESTION?

>> NO.

>> WHETHER SHE WAS CONSCIOUS OR

UNCONSCIOUS AT THE TIME SHE WAS

PUT INTO THE TRUNK OF THE CAR?

>> NO, THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE

SHE WAS CONSCIOUS AT THE TIME.

THE MEDICAL EXAMINER AND IN

FACT THE TRIAL COURT FOUND IN

THE SENTENCING ORDER SAYING THE

STATE PRESENTED NO EVIDENCE TO

ESTABLISH THAT SHE WAS

CONSCIOUS AT THE TIME OF DEATH

AND THEREFORE HE REJECTED THE

HEINOUS, ATROCIOUS AND CRUEL

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCE ON

THAT BASIS.

SO WE'RE LEFT WITH HER ACTUAL

DEATH MAY VERY WELL HAVE

OCCURRED, HE ASSUMED THAT THE  
DEATH OCCURRED BY BURNING  
BECAUSE THERE WAS EVIDENCE IN  
THE LUNG MUCOUS MEMBRANES THAT  
WERE AVAILABLE THAT THERE WAS  
SOOT, INDICATING SOME  
INHALATION.

>> WHETHER SHE WAS CONSCIOUS OR  
NOT, SHE WAS STILL ALIVE.

>> THERE HAD BEEN INHALATION AT  
THE TIME

CONSCIOUSNESS, THERE WAS NO  
EVIDENCE SHE WAS CONSCIOUS AT  
THE TIME OF DEATH.

THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE THAT SHE  
WAS CONSCIOUS AT THE TIME SHE  
WAS PUT IN THE CAR.

THAT IS THE PREMISE OF THE  
ARGUMENT I WILL BE MAKING  
REGARDING AGGRAVATING  
CIRCUMSTANCES.

>> CONSCIOUS BUT THE JUDGE  
DIDN'T FIND HAC, SO ARE YOU

ARGUING THAT THAT'S NOT, BUT  
SHE WAS ALIVE WHEN SHE WAS PUT  
IN THE TRUNK AND SO WHY  
ISN'T THAT THERE ENOUGH  
FOR CCP IN THIS CASE?

I MEAN IS THAT YOUR POINT OF  
YOUR ARGUMENT?

>> I'M MAKING THOSE ARGUMENTS.

>> OKAY.

>> MY POINT IS THERE WAS NO  
EVIDENCE SHE WAS CONSCIOUS.  
THAT LEADS TO THE INFERENCE,  
WHEN DID THAT UNCONSCIOUSNESS  
OCCUR?

IT MAY HAVE VERY WELL SHE WAS  
RENDERED UNCONSCIOUS EARLIER AT  
THE STRUGGLE IN THE TRAILER.  
THERE WAS EVIDENCE SHE WAS  
BOUND.

THERE WAS BINDING HER AND USING  
DUCT TAPE.

MAYBE SHE LOST CONSCIOUSNESS.

THE WHOLE POINT BEING

MR. CALHOUN MAY HAVE THOUGHT HE  
WAS DISPOSING OF A BODY NOT  
KILLING SOMEONE.

>> WHAT WOULD HE BIND HER --

>> WHY WOULD HE BIND AND GAG  
A DEAD BODY?

>> HE WOULDN'T BIND AND GAG A  
DEAD BODY.

>> WASN'T THE VICTIM'S BODY,  
THE VICTIM WAS FOUND AND GAGGED  
RIGHT?

>> YEAH.

>> IT WAS FOUND --

>> WE DON'T KNOW WHEN THAT MAY  
HAVE OCCURRED.

HE MAY HAVE ABDUCTED THE VICTIM --

>> CAN WE INFER HE DID THAT  
WHEN SHE WAS ALIVE?

>> THAT IS A REASONABLE  
INFERENCE.

>> WHAT DIFFERENCE DOES IT  
MATTER AT WHAT POINT THAT  
HAPPENED, EXACTLY WHEN SHE



DIED? WE DO KNOW SHE DID NOT  
DIE IN FACT UNTIL SHE WAS  
BURNED IN THE CAR AND BURNED  
UP.

>> THAT IS THE FACT.

>> I DON'T UNDERSTAND YOUR  
ARGUMENT.

>> SHE MAY HAVE BEEN RENDERED  
UNCONSCIOUS AND HE MAY HAVE  
THOUGHT SHE WAS DEAD AT THE  
TRAILER.

EVEN THOUGH HE BOUND HER, MAYBE  
IN THE PROCESS OF THE STRUGGLE  
OR PROCESS OF BINDING SHE LOST  
CONSCIOUSNESS AND HE MAY HAVE,  
I THINK THERE'S AN INFERENCE IT  
COULD BE DRAWN HERE HE MAY HAVE  
THOUGHT SHE WAS DEAD AND  
THEREFORE THE WHOLE PROCESS OF  
TAKING THE BODY TO ANOTHER  
LOCATION AND BURNING IT --

>> WHAT ROLE DOES THAT PLAY IN  
CCP?

>> WELL IT PLAYS A ROLE IN CCP  
BECAUSE THE JUDGE'S ORDER, THE  
JUDGE'S FINDING RELIED LARGELY  
ON THE FACT OF, YOU KNOW, HE  
PUT HER IN THE CAR.

HE DROVE HER THERE AND HE  
BURNED HER UP.

>> I MEAN, I CAN UNDERSTAND  
YOUR ARGUMENT AS TO HAC BECAUSE  
WE LOOK AT, WHEN WE CONSIDERING  
HAC, WE LOOKING AT IT FROM THE  
PERSPECTIVE OF WHAT THE VICTIM  
WENT THROUGH.

CCP, WE DON'T LOOK AT IT FROM  
THAT PERSPECTIVE.

WE LOOK AT IT FROM THE  
PERSPECTIVE FROM THE PLANS AND  
ACTIONS THE DEFENDANT TOOK.

>> CORRECT.

>> SO WHAT DIFFERENCE DOES IT  
MAKE IN CCP?

>> WELL IF, IF THE INFERENCE  
THAT SHE WAS NOT CONSCIOUS AT

THE TIME OF DEATH, WE DON'T  
HAVE ANY EVIDENCE THAT SHE WAS  
CONSCIOUS AT THE TIME SHE WAS  
PLACED IN THE VEHICLE.

AGAIN, THE MECHANISM OF DEATH  
MAY HAVE BEEN INADVERTENT  
DURING THE STRUGGLE.

AFTER SHE WAS BOUND IN THE  
TRAILER AND INADVERTENT DEATH  
MAY HAVE OCCURRED WHILE HE WAS  
BINDING HER.

>> WE KNOW THAT DID NOT HAPPEN.

WE KNOW THAT DID NOT HAPPEN  
FROM THE EXPERT'S TESTIMONY, DO  
WE NOT?

>> WHAT EXPERT TESTIMONY ABOUT  
THAT?

>> ABOUT THE INHALATION OF THE  
SMOKE?

>> I CORRECT, I CORRECT MYSELF.

I MEANT SHE WAS RENDERED  
UNCONSCIOUS, I'M SORRY.

WHAT I INTENDED TO SAY SHE WAS

RENDERED UNCONSCIOUS AT THE  
TIME AND THE DEFENDANT MAY VERY  
WELL HAVE THOUGHT SHE WAS DEAD  
AT THAT POINT AND STATE OF MIND  
OF THE DEFENDANT AT THE TIME HE  
IS PLACING HER IN THE BACK OF  
THE CAR WAS THAT HE WAS  
DISPOSING OF THE BODY, NOT  
TAKING HER SOMEWHERE TO BURN  
HER UP AND KILL HER.

THE FACT THAT SHE WAS  
TRANSPORTED --

>> IS THERE ANYTHING TO SUPPORT  
THAT SPECULATION?

>> WELL THE TRIAL JUDGE FOUND  
THAT THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE THAT  
SHE WAS CONSCIOUS AT THE TIME  
OF DEATH.

I THINK THAT, THE QUESTION, --

>> BUT EVEN PEOPLE THAT AREN'T  
CONSCIOUS ARE BREATHING?  
AND A DEFENDANT CAN OBSERVE  
WHETHER SOMEONE IS BREATHING.

NOW THEY MIGHT NOT ALWAYS GET  
IT RIGHT. I UNDERSTAND THAT.

>> NOT ALWAYS.

>> THIS WAS OVER A PERIOD OF  
TIME HE WAS MOVING HER AND HE HAD  
CLOSE CONTACT WITH HER AND IT  
SEEMS TO BE RATHER FANCIFUL  
TO SUGGEST HE THOUGHT SHE WAS  
DEAD OVER THIS PERIOD OF TIME  
WHILE HE WAS PUTTING HER IN THE  
CAR AND TRANSPORTING HER AND  
THEN BURNING HER UP.

>> I THINK THE INFERENCE CAN BE  
DRAWN FROM THE FACT THERE WAS  
NO EVIDENCE OF CONSCIOUSNESS AT  
THE TIME OF DEATH.

YES, IN FACT PEOPLE CAN BE  
UNCONSCIOUS AND APPEAR DEAD.

I THINK, THERE'S A LOT OF  
INSTANCES WHERE IN FACT THAT  
HAS OCCURRED.

SO I THINK THAT'S AT LEAST A  
REASONABLE INFERENCE THAT THE

DEFENDANT WAS ENTITLED TO HAVE  
IN EVALUATING THIS AGGRAVATING  
CIRCUMSTANCE.

AND AGAIN, THE TRIAL JUDGE'S  
ORDER RELIED PREDOMINANTLY ON  
THE WHOLE PROCESS OF PLACING  
HER IN THE CAR AND TRANSPORTING  
TO WHERE SHE WAS FOUND.

>> [INAUDIBLE].

>> I'M SORRY.

>> THIS PROCESS TOOK AT LEAST  
ABOUT 14 HOURS? TRANSPORTING  
HER IN THE CAR?

>> WE DON'T KNOW THE EXACT  
TIME.

>> FROM THE TIME THEY SAW THE  
SMOKE.

>> FROM THE TIME THEY SAW THE  
SMOKE --.

>> FROM THE TIME HE LEFT?

>> WE DON'T KNOW WHEN HE  
EXACTLY, WHEN HE WOULD HAVE  
LEFT THE TRAILER WITH THE CAR.

>> WE KNOW WHEN HE STOPPED AT  
THE CONVENIENCE STORE THOUGH.

>> THAT'S CORRECT.

HE STOPPED AT A CONVENIENCE STORE.

>> HE WAS DRIVING HER CAR THEN.

>> HE STOPPED AT THE  
CONVENIENCE STORE AT 5:30 OR  
6:00 IN THE MORNING.

WHEN THE DRIVING STARTED, THE  
DISTANCE BETWEEN WHERE HE LIVED  
IN FLORIDA AND THAT AREA OF  
ALABAMA IS NOT AN EXTENDED  
DRIVE.

THAT'S THE SUBSTANCE OF MY  
ARGUMENT BOTH AS TO THE CCP AND  
THE ARREST AND STATE OF MIND  
ISSUE.

>> ISN'T --

>> I MEAN, WHAT WAS, WHAT WAS  
ANY OTHER MOTIVE FOR THE  
MURDER?

>> I'M SORRY.

>> I MEAN --

>> WE DON'T KNOW EXACTLY WHAT  
THE MOTIVE WAS.

WE HAVE VERY LITTLE EVIDENCE  
OTHER THAN HE, I MEAN HE KNEW  
HER.

THEY WERE ACQUAINTANCES.

SHE WAS A FRIEND OF HIS  
GIRLFRIEND'S.

HE ASKED HER FOR A RIDE THAT  
DAY IN THE PRESENCE OF ANOTHER  
WITNESS.

SHE WAS GOING TO COME BY AFTER  
SHE GOT OFF WORK, 8:30, 9:00 AT  
NIGHT.

THEN THE NEXT DAY THEY'RE BOTH  
MISSING AND --

>> THIS SEEMS SO SENSELESS AND  
SO, I'M JUST WONDERING WHAT WAS  
THE STATE'S THEORY OF WHY THIS  
MURDER TOOK PLACE?

>> YOU KNOW, I'M NOT SURE HAD A  
THEORY, UNLESS, YOU KNOW, WE  
HAVE NO EVIDENCE THAT THERE



WAS, OF COURSE, THE BODY WAS  
BURNED.

WE DON'T KNOW IF THERE WAS  
SEXUAL BATTERY OR NOT.

>> IS THERE A REASON YOU WOULD  
GO THROUGH ALL THIS ELABORATE  
BURNING OF THE BODY AND BURNING  
OF HER CAR IS TO AVOID THE -- I  
SEE NO OTHER REASON FOR IT.

>> AVOIDING DETECTION, NO  
QUESTION.

IT GOES BACK TO WHETHER THE  
INFERENCE HE THOUGHT SHE WAS  
DEAD AT THE TIME AND HE WAS  
DISPOSING OF A BODY RATHER THAN  
KILLING SOMEONE TO AVOID  
ARREST.

>> THE ARGUMENT TO THE JURY WAS  
IN THE STRUGGLE IN THE TRAILER  
SHE DIED, BUT THE DEFENDANT  
DIDN'T REALIZE THAT.

SO HE BOUND HER UP ANYWAY AND  
HE PUTS HER IN THE TRUNK AND,

BECAUSE THE DEBT COULD HAVE  
OCCURRED IN THE TRAILER, AT  
LEAST.

>> YEAH.

>> AT LEAST THE DEFENDANT  
THOUGHT, IT OCCURRED IN THE  
TRAILER.

>> RIGHT.

>> BUT ISN'T, IN TERMS OF THE  
INFERENCES, GOING BACK TO WHAT  
JUSTICE CANADY IS SAYING, ISN'T  
IT MORE LOGICAL A PERSON IS  
BREATHING, CERTAINLY ALIVE BY  
THE TIME THE FIRE STARTS, AND  
IF SHE'S NOT DEAD, THE FACT  
THAT THIS DEFENDANT TAKES HER  
TO THIS PLACE, DOESN'T CHECK  
AGAIN AND JUST SAYS WELL,  
INSTEAD OF RELEASING HER, OH I  
JUST REALIZED SHE IS NOT DEAD,  
I WILL SET IT ON FIRE, DIDN'T  
THAT REALLY SHOW HEIGHTENED  
PREMEDITATION?

IN OTHER WORDS, IT SEEMS TO ME  
YOUR SPECULATION ABOUT WHAT  
MIGHT HAVE HAPPENED, THAT SHE  
DIED ACCIDENTALLY OR SOMETHING  
IN THE STRUGGLE BACK, WHICH  
THEN WOULDN'T EVEN BE  
FIRST-DEGREE MURDER, IS  
SOMEWHAT, THERE IS NO, THERE IS  
NO EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THAT  
WHEREAS THERE IS EVIDENCE TO  
SUPPORT THAT SHE WAS BREATHING  
UP UNTIL THE TIME OF HER DEATH  
IN THE TRUNK BY SETTING THE CAR  
ON FIRE?

>> THAT'S CORRECT.

OTHER THAN INFERENCES.

>> SO YOURS IS SPECULATION  
WHEREAS WHAT THE JUDGE FOUND IS  
BASED ON A REASONABLE INFERENCE  
TO THE EXCLUSION OF OTHER  
INFERENCES, YOU KNOW, WHICH THE  
JUDGE FOUND BEYOND A REASONABLE  
DOUBT.

>> I THINK THAT'S THE QUESTION  
WHETHER IT EXCLUDES THIS OTHER  
INFERENCE.

I THINK THAT'S A QUESTION FOR  
THE COURT IN THIS ISSUE.

>> DID YOU PUT ON, WAS THERE  
ANY EXPERT TESTIMONY FROM THE  
DEFENSE AT WHAT POINT SHE DIED?

>> NO.

>> WASN'T THERE EVIDENCE THAT  
SHE WAS GAGGED ALSO?

>> THERE WERE SOME POTENTIAL  
EVIDENCE THAT SHE HAD DUCT TAPE  
OVER HER MOUTH.

>> BUT THE DUCT TAPE OVER HER  
MOUTH SOMEBODY THOUGHT WAS  
THERE -- [INAUDIBLE]

>> WELL, WE DON'T, AGAIN WE  
DON'T KNOW WHEN SHE WAS BOUND.  
WE DON'T KNOW FOR WHAT PURPOSE  
SHE WAS BOUND.

>> WHAT IS, OKAY, LET'S JUST  
SAY IN THE NORMAL COURSE OF

LIFE WE DON'T KNOW WHY SHE WAS  
BOUND.

SHE IS IN THIS TRAILER.

WAS THERE ANY EVIDENCE OF  
SEXUAL MISCONDUCT?

>> THERE WAS EVIDENCE OF A  
STRUGGLE BUT, THEY DIDN'T  
ESTABLISH SEXUAL MISCONDUCT.

MAY HAVE BEEN, MAY NOT HAVE  
BEEN, WE DON'T KNOW.

>> AND HE, SOMEHOW UNTIL A  
STRUGGLE, WE DON'T KNOW WHY THE  
STRUGGLE OCCURRED, SHE DIES, HE  
THINKS?

AND IS THAT, WHAT WAS ARGUED TO  
THE JURY, THAT THIS WAS AN  
ACCIDENTAL --

>> THAT WASN'T ARGUED TO THE  
JURY.

>> WHAT WAS ARGUED TO THE JURY?

>> THE ARGUMENT TO THE JURY WAS  
REALLY TESTING THE EVIDENCE OF

HIS GUILT.

>> SAYING THAT SOMEONE ELSE DID  
IT?

>> SAYING THAT, THEY WERE  
TESTING THE CIRCUMSTANTIAL  
EVIDENCE OF THE STATE'S CASE.

>> OKAY.

SO IF YOU DON'T RAISE, BECAUSE  
YOU'RE REALLY SAYING THIS WAS  
JUDGMENT OF ACQUITTAL, IT  
SHOULD HAVE BEEN JUDGMENT OF  
ACQUITTAL OF CCP AND AVOID  
ARREST, DON'T YOU HAVE TO  
ADVANCE THE OTHER INFERENCE  
BEFORE THE TRIAL COURT IN ORDER  
FOR THE STATE TO EITHER REFUTE  
IT OR PUT ON --

>> THE FACT OF THE MATTER IS  
THE INFERENCE AROSE FROM THE  
TRIAL JUDGE'S FINDINGS  
REGARDING THE HAC FACTOR.

>> THE ARGUMENT THAT WAS MADE  
BY THE DEFENDANT WASN'T THAT

SHE MIGHT HAVE DIED IN THE  
TRAILER.

WASN'T IT THAT SOMEONE ELSE DID  
THIS AND SHE WAS KIDNAPPED TOO?

>> WELL THE GUILT ISSUES, I'M  
NOT SURE THEY ACTUALLY RAISED  
THESE ARGUMENTS AT THE PENALTY  
PHASE I DON'T RECALL THAT BEING  
MADE.

THE GUILT ISSUE IN THE GUILT  
PHASE OF THE TRIAL THEY WERE  
TESTING THE CREDIBILITY OF, YOU  
KNOW, THERE WAS, AGAIN, I WILL  
BACKPEDAL A LITTLE BIT HERE  
BECAUSE IN HIS STATEMENT TO THE  
POLICE THAT DID NOT COME IN HE  
HAD SAID THAT HE IN FACT  
HIMSELF WAS KIDNAPPED THAT  
EVENING BEFORE SHE ARRIVED AT  
THE TRAILER AND THAT THERE WAS  
SOME EVIDENCE, THEY PRESENTED  
SOME EVIDENCE, HE SAID, THESE  
PEOPLE MAY HAVE BEEN TRYING TO

STEAL ITEMS FROM THE SCRAP

METAL YARD.

HE DIDN'T KNOW OR DROVE HIM TO

ANOTHER REMOTE LOCATION

HIMSELF.

THAT WAS ONE REASON WHY HE WAS

IN ALABAMA.

THAT WAS PART OF THAT

STATEMENT.

BUT THAT DID NOT COME IN AT

TRIAL.

THAT EVIDENCE WAS NOT ADMITTED

AT TRIAL.

BUT THEY DID PRESENT EVIDENCE

THAT THERE WAS ACTUALLY A

REPORT BY HIS FATHER THE NEXT

MORNING BECAUSE THINGS WERE

AMISS AT THE SCRAP METAL YARD.

HAD BEEN FORKLIFT THAT HAD BEEN

MOVED.

THERE WERE WITNESSES THAT HEARD

LOUD NOISES COMING FROM THE

SCRAP METAL BUSINESS THAT



EVENING AS WELL.

SO, YOU KNOW, THEY PRESENTED,  
PRESENTED THAT TYPE OF  
TESTIMONY DURING THE DEFENSE  
CASE.

BUT THE SPECIFIC ARGUMENT THAT  
I HAVE RAISED HERE, I DON'T  
RECALL THAT BEING PRESENTED AT  
THE TRIAL COURT.

AGAIN THE INFERENCE AROSE FROM  
THE JUDGE'S TREATMENT OF THE  
HAC FACTOR IN THE SENTENCING  
ORDER.

I WILL BRIEFLY GO BACK TO ISSUE  
1 IN THE CASE WHICH DEALS WITH  
RULE OF COMPLETENESS ARGUMENT.

AS I MENTIONED RECALLER, HIS  
STATEMENT TO THE POLICE  
INCLUDED HIS POSITION THAT HE  
HIMSELF WAS ABDUCTED THAT SAME  
EVENING BEFORE MIA BROWN WAS  
DUE TO ARRIVE AT HIS TRAILER.  
HE HAS NO IDEA WHETHER HE

ARRIVED AT HIS TRAILER OR NOT.

AND HE WAS, YOU KNOW, LEFT IN  
THE WOODS HIMSELF AND HE MADE  
HIS WAY TO HIS FRIEND'S HOUSE  
IN ALABAMA.

AND THEN ULTIMATELY HE WAS  
ACTUALLY ARRESTED BACK AT HIS  
TRAILER A COUPLE OF DAYS  
LATER.

THE STATE PRESENTED JUST  
FIVE STATEMENTS THAT HE MADE  
DURING HIS INTERVIEW WITH THE  
POLICE.

AND, NUMBER ONE, DID YOU, DID  
YOU KNOW MIA BROWN AND WHETHER  
HE HAD HER FOR A RIDE.

HE AFFIRMATIVELY RESPONDED TO  
THAT.

THERE WAS A WITNESS TO THAT.

HE WAS ASKED IF HE WAS AT THE  
BROOKS RESIDENCE IN ALABAMA.

THE BROOKS FAMILY WERE FRIENDS  
OF HIS IN ALABAMA AND HE WAS AT

THEIR HOUSE ON DECEMBER THE  
18th.

HE WAS MUDDY.

HE WAS DIRTY THEY CLAIM.

THEY LET HIM CHANGE CLOTHES.

WASHED HIS CLOTHES AND DROVE  
HIM, DROPPED HIM OFF AT ANOTHER  
LOCATION.

AND HE SAID THAT HE WAS.

HE WAS ALSO ASKED IF HE WAS  
AVOIDING LAW ENFORCEMENT DURING  
THIS TIME PERIOD?

HE SAID HE WAS.

IT WAS BROUGHT OUT BECAUSE HE  
HAD ADVERSE RESPONSES FROM LAW  
ENFORCEMENT IN THE PAST.

HE WAS ALSO ASKED IF HE, IF MIA  
BROWN HAD EVER BEEN TO HIS  
CAMPER TRAILER HOME ON THE  
SCRAP METAL BUSINESS.

AND HE SAID SHE HAD NOT.

NOW THESE TWO, AT LEAST TWO OF  
THESE STATEMENTS WERE

CRITICALLY MISLEADING TO THE  
JURY.

THE FIRST ONE WAS THE, HIS  
STATEMENT, HAVE YOU EVER BEEN  
TO THE BROOKS RESIDENCE IN  
ALABAMA?

HE SAID HE HAD.

THAT WAS A BARE STATEMENT THE  
STATE INTRODUCED.

THEY DID NOT INTRODUCE IN THE  
SAME INTERVIEW THAT HE DID  
PROVIDE WHAT WOULD HAVE BEEN AN  
INNOCENT EXPLANATION.

SO THE JURY, I.E., THAT HE HAD  
BEEN ABDUCTED AND DROPPED OFF  
HIMSELF.

>> WHY WOULD THAT HAVE BEEN  
IMPORTANT?

>> IT WAS IMPORTANT --

>> THE STATEMENT I'M NOT SURE  
WHY ANY ADDITIONAL  
WOULD HAVE BEEN HELPFUL TO THE  
DEFENDANT OR THIS CASE AT ALL?

>> WELL THE STATE WAS TRYING TO  
GET STATEMENTS FROM THE  
DEFENDANT'S OWN MOUTH THAT HE  
WAS PRESENT AT THE BROOKS  
RESIDENCE, WHICH THE BOOKS, HAD  
ALREADY TESTIFIED TO THAT.

>> OKAY.

>> BUT HE HAD ALSO GIVEN, BUT  
THEY LEFT IT AS A BARE  
STATEMENT.

YES, I WAS THERE I WAS THERE  
BECAUSE OF FOR OTHER REASONS.  
SO THEY WERE TRYING TO PLACE  
HIM IN ALABAMA.

>> TELL ME WHAT WAS INCRIMINATORY  
ABOUT HIM SAYING YES, HE WAS AT  
THE BROOKS RESIDENCE.

>> IT WAS IN THE TIME FRAME  
WHEN THE CAR WAS FOUND IN THE  
SAME GENERAL AREA.

THE BROOKS RESIDENCE IN ALABAMA  
WASN'T A GREAT DISTANCE AWAY  
FROM WHERE THE CAR WAS

ULTIMATELY FOUND AND THE STATE  
WANTED TO GET FROM THE  
DEFENDANT'S OWN MOUTH,  
CONFIRMING, IF YOU WILL, YES, I  
WAS THERE AND THAT WOULD HAVE  
BEEN ON THE 18th, WHICH WAS  
THIS DAY AFTER THEY FOUND THE  
CAR THAT HAD BEEN BURNED.

>> SO IT WOULD BE RELEVANT TO  
HIS ALIBI?

>> IT WOULD BE RELEVANT TO HIS  
ALIBI, HIS ALIBI WAS, I WAS  
THERE BUT I WAS THERE FOR THIS  
OTHER REASON.

AND THAT OTHER REASON DID NOT  
COME OUT.

>> DID HE TESTIFY AT TRIAL?

>> HE DID NOT TESTIFY AT TRIAL.

>> WHAT DID TIFFANY AND GLENDA  
BROOKS TESTIFY TO?

>> THEY TESTIFIED THAT THEY  
ACTUALLY, THEY KNEW  
MR. CALHOUN.

THEY HAD SOCIALIZED IN THE PAST  
AND ONE OF THEM GOT UP EARLY  
ONE MORNING AND FOUND HE WAS  
ACTUALLY SLEEPING IN A SHED  
THEY HAD OUT BACK WHERE THEY  
KEPT A FREEZER AND OTHER  
THINGS.

THEY BROUGHT HIM IN.

THEY LET HIM CHANGED CLOTHES  
AND SHOWERED.

HE SAID, YEAH, I DIDN'T WANT TO  
WAKE YOU UP.

I WAS ROAMING IN THE WOODS ALL  
DAY.

I WAS ABDUCTED FROM MY OWN  
TRAILER A DAY OR SO BEFORE.

>> THEY TESTIFIED TO THAT?

>> THEY DID NOT, HE DID NOT  
TELL THEM THAT ENTIRE STORY.

HE SAID THAT HE HAD BEEN  
ROAMING IN THE WOODS ALL DAY  
AND THAT HE NEEDED A RIDE BACK.

>> WELL, I MEAN, REALLY AND

TRULY, THE JURY HEARS THAT AND  
THEN THEY HEAR FROM THE  
DEFENDANT SAYS, AND I HAD BEEN  
ABDUCTED AND WOULDN'T TELL THE  
PEOPLE WHERE HE WAS SEEKING  
REFUGE AND HAD BEEN ABDUCTED?

>> MY POINT IS THE RULE OF  
COMPLETENESS THE DEFENDANT WAS  
ENTITLED TO HAVE THIS  
INFORMATION IN FRONT OF THE  
JURY.

>> I'M LOOKING HARMLESS BEYOND  
A REASONABLE DOUBT REALLY.

>> I UNDERSTAND. I UNDERSTAND.  
BUT THAT WAS, THAT WAS THE CRUX  
OF THAT PARTICULAR POINT.

THE OTHER ONE WHICH I THINK IS  
ARGUABLY MORE COMPELLING, ASKED  
HAD MIA BROWN EVER BEEN TO YOUR  
TRAILER BEFORE?

THAT STATEMENT WAS TAKEN OUT OF  
CONTEXT IN THE INTERVIEW AND  
WAS AFFIRMATIVELY MISLEADING. IT



SUGGESTED TO THE JURY, NO, SHE  
HAS NEVER BEEN IT MY TRAILER.

THE JURY DID NOT HEAR THE REST  
OF THE STATEMENT SAYING, WELL,  
TO THE DEFENSE WAS, I DON'T  
KNOW WHETHER SHE GOT TO MY  
TRAILER THE NIGHT I WAS  
ABDUCTED MYSELF OR NOT.

SHE MAY HAVE.

BUT THE JURY NEVER HEARD THAT.

SO THEY'RE LEFT WITH THE  
IMPRESSION THAT THE DEFENDANT  
WAS TRYING TO COVER UP  
SOMETHING, WAS TRYING TO, YOU  
KNOW, GUILTY STATE OF MIND.

NO, SHE HAS NEVER BEEN IT MY  
TRAILER WHEN THERE WAS CLEARLY  
PHYSICAL EVIDENCE LINKING HER  
TO THE TRAILER.

>> IT SEEMS UNUSUAL IF THE  
STATE IS PUTTING IN A STATEMENT  
BY A DEFENDANT, THAT YOU ARE  
LEAVING OUT A PART OF WHAT THE

STATEMENT IS.

AND THAT WAS, HOW WAS THAT

TESTED BELOW?

DID YOU, NOT YOU, DID THE

DEFENSE LAWYER ASK THAT THE

ENTIRE STATEMENT COME INTO

EVIDENCE?

WAS IT SPECIFICALLY ASKED AS TO

THOSE TWO STATEMENTS THE REST

OF THE SENTENCE OR SENTENCES

HAVE TO COME IN?

>> THE REQUEST WAS,

ADDITIONALLY I WANT TO PUT IN

THE REST OF THE STATEMENT.

THE STATE COUNTERED THAT,

WELL, THE STATEMENT IS

SELF-SERVING HEARSAY.

THE DEFENSE LAWYER ACKNOWLEDGED

THAT PORTIONS WERE SELF-SERVING

BUT THE SELF-SERVING PORTIONS

WERE IMPORTANT FOR THE CONTEXT

AND THE JUDGE SAID, WELL IT IS,

IT IS ESSENTIALLY IF YOU READ

THROUGH THE RECORD, THE RULING  
WAS IT IS SELF-SERVING HEARSAY,  
IT CAN'T COME IN.

>> IT SEEMS, I KNOW THESE  
BURDENS WE PUT ON LAWYERS BUT  
HERE WHERE YOU'RE LOOKING AT  
TWO SPECIFIC STATEMENTS, A  
REQUEST TO SAY, LOOK, AND I  
THINK THE REST OF THIS SENTENCE  
SHOULD COME IN OR THIS  
PARAGRAPH OF HIS STATEMENT, SO  
THAT THE TRIAL JUDGE HAS AN  
OPPORTUNITY TO RULE ON THAT  
SPECIFIC REQUEST, SHOULDN'T  
THAT BE REQUIRED?

>> WELL, I THINK THE DEFENSE  
WAS CUT OFF FROM THAT BECAUSE  
THE COURT ERRONEOUSLY THOUGHT  
THAT THE SELF-SERVING HEARSAY  
COULD BE APPLIED TO A RULE OF  
COMPLETENESS SITUATION TO AVOID  
THAT.

>> DID THE DEFENDANT ARGUE RULE

OF COMPLETENESS?

>> YES, THE ARGUMENT WAS RULE OF  
COMPLETENESS.

THE PROSECUTOR CAME UP AND  
SAID, WHAT DO YOU WANT TO PUT  
HER ON?

THIS IS SELF-SERVING HEARSAY,  
I.E., THE PART ABOUT HIMSELF  
BEING KIDNAPPED AND THE POINT  
IS THAT'S CRITICAL.

>> IF THE STATE IS GOING TO PUT  
SOMETHING INTO EVIDENCE WHERE  
THE DEFENDANT INCRIMINATES  
HIMSELF THEY OPEN THE DOOR  
BASICALLY TO REQUIRE THAT THE  
ENTIRE CONTEXT BE PUT IN,  
THAT'S YOUR ARGUMENT?

>> WELL THAT IS, I THINK THAT'S  
THE CASE LAW.

IN ESSENCE IT CREATES, THE  
PRESUMPTION AT THAT POINT IS  
FOR THE STATE TO COME FORWARD  
AND SAY WHAT SHOULD BE REDACTED.

>> SEEMS LIKE SMALL PARTS  
GIVEN THIS ENTIRE  
SCENARIO, I'M LEANING TO THINK  
WHY ISN'T HARMLESS BEYOND A  
REASONABLE DOUBT?

CAN YOU TELL ME THAT AS TO THE  
SECOND STATEMENT?

>> WELL THE SECOND STATEMENT,  
AND I WANT TO FLESH THAT  
OUT A LITTLE BIT.

THE WAY THE WHOLE THING CAME UP  
HE WAS SAYING SHE HAS NEVER  
BEEN TO MY HOUSE BEFORE TO  
SOCIALIZE BECAUSE THEY WERE  
TALKING ABOUT A WHOLE DIFFERENT  
CONTEXT.

THEN THEY USED IT TO LEAD THE  
JURY TO BELIEVE THAT HE WAS,  
GUILTY KNOWLEDGE AND WAS  
COVERING UP.

NO, SHE HAS NEVER BEEN TO MY  
RESIDENCE WHEN HE NEVER SAID  
THAT.

THE REST OF THE STATEMENT WOULD  
DEMONSTRATE THAT HE  
ACKNOWLEDGED SHE MAY HAVE COME  
THAT SAME THURSDAY NIGHT.

YOU KNOW, WE'RE TALKING ABOUT  
THE IMPACT IT COULD HAVE HAD AN  
THE JURY WEIGHING THE  
CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CASE.

YOU'VE GOT A DEFENDANT WHO IS  
EVIDENCING GUILTY KNOWLEDGE BY  
HIS STATEMENTS.

COULD VERY WELL HAVE BEEN  
INFLUENCE ON THE JURY ABOUT HOW  
THEY WEIGHED THE STATE'S  
CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE AND  
THAT WOULD BE THE POSITION I  
WOULD TAKE ON THE HARMLESS  
ERROR QUESTION.

>> YOU ARE IN YOUR REBUTTAL  
TIME.

>> I WILL SAVE MY TIME, THANK  
YOU.

>> THANK YOU.

>> GOOD MORNING.

MY NAME IS MEREDITH CHARBULAH,  
ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL  
REPRESENTING APPELLEE, STATE OF  
FLORIDA IN THIS CASE.

IF I COULD TAKE SORT OF, THE  
ARGUMENTS IN THE ORDER THAT THE  
DEFENDANT PRESENTED THEM.

JUSTICE PARIENTE, THE ANSWER TO  
YOUR QUESTION IS, SHOULD THE  
DEFENSE HAVE TO PRESENT SOME  
EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THEIR  
REASONABLE HYPOTHESIS OF  
INNOCENCE TO ASSERT IT ON  
APPEAL AND THE ANSWER SHOULD BE  
YES BECAUSE THE STANDARD ON  
REVIEW IS THERE COMPETENT  
SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE, NOT IS  
THERE A POSSIBILITY THAT THE  
APPELLATE COUNSEL CAN THINK OF  
LATER.

IS IT COMPETENT SUBSTANTIAL  
EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THE

AGGRAVATOR.

>> HERE IS WHAT IT IS ALL  
HINGED ON, THERE SEEMS TO BE NO  
DISPUTE THAT THE DEFENDANT,  
THAT THE VICTIM WAS  
UNCONSCIOUS.

>> I WISH I COULD DISPUTE THAT,  
YOUR HONOR.

>> YOU COULD DISPUTE BUT THE  
JUDGE FOUND THAT HE DIDN'T KNOW  
OR SHE DIDN'T KNOW WHEN THE  
VICTIM BECAME UNCONSCIOUS.  
BUT AS FAR AS THE HYPOTHESIS  
THAT THE DEFENDANT THOUGHT SHE  
WAS DEAD AT THE TIME THAT HE  
BOUND HER IN THE TRAILER --

>> NEVER CAME OUT.

>> BUT WHAT IS THE EVIDENCE  
THAT SHE WAS, THAT THE, WE KNOW  
SHE WAS ALIVE.

SO THE REASONABLE DEDUCTION  
FROM THAT IS THAT  
A REASONABLE PERSON WOULD KNOW



THE VICTIM WAS ALIVE ESPECIALLY  
AS JUSTICE PERRY SAID WHEN HE  
WAS TAPING HER MOUTH SHUT.

>> RIGHT.

THE DUCT TAPE WAS FOUND IN,  
REMAINING OF IT BURNT UP WAS  
AROUND THE BACK OF HER NECK.

SO THE REASONABLE INFERENCE IS  
IT WAS WRAPPED AROUND HER NECK  
AND AROUND HER MOUTH.

SHE WAS BOUND AT THE WRIST AND  
OTHER CABLE, IT WAS LOOSER,  
THERE WAS ONLY 26 POUNDS LEFT  
OF HER BODY LEFT AFTER THE  
BURNING.

THERE WAS OTHER CABLE SHOWING  
SHE WAS BOUND.

IT IS NOT REASONABLE INFERENCE  
I THOUGHT SHE WAS DEAD AND I  
WILL GAG HER AND BIND HER TO  
MAKE SURE THE DEAD PERSON  
DOESN'T GET LOOSE.

MORE IMPORTANTLY I THINK ALSO

FOR YOUR QUESTION IS, THIS WAS  
NEVER PROFFERED DURING CLOSING  
ARGUMENT.

THEY NEVER CHALLENGED THE CCP  
AGGRAVATOR, THE AVOID ARREST  
AGGRAVATOR.

SHE FOCUSED SOLELY ON THE  
MITIGATION EVIDENCE AND SHE  
READ A POEM INTO THE RECORD TO  
THE JURY.

SO THIS WAS --

>> LET ME ASK YOU ABOUT THE  
DUCT TAPE ROLL WAS FOUND IN THE  
TRAILER, CORRECT?

>> CORRECT.

>> AND ON THIS DUCT TAPE WAS  
SOME DNA, BLOOD EVIDENCE FROM  
BOTH THE DEFENDANT AND THE  
VICTIM, RIGHT?

>> THAT'S CORRECT.

>> WHICH WOULD SUGGEST AT LEAST  
SOMETHING OF A BLOODY NATURE  
WENT ON IN THE TRAILER.

AND SO --.

>> SHE FOUGHT FOR HER LIFE.

SHE FOUGHT FOR HER LIFE.

SHE FOUGHT FOR HER LIFE AND  
LOST.

WHAT HAPPENED IS THAT THE --

>> SO HE WAS IN FACT, I MEAN  
DOES THAT SUGGEST THAT HE WAS  
HITTING HER OR DOING SOMETHING  
WHILE THEY WERE IN THE TRAILER?

>> WELL, I THINK THAT, THERE  
WAS SOME, CERTAINLY SOME  
PHYSICAL CONTACT.

I DON'T KNOW OF ANY EVIDENCE,  
YOU KNOW, WHETHER HE HIT HER.  
WHAT I DO KNOW HE WAS SCRATCHED  
UP.

WHEN HE ARRIVED AT THE  
CONVENIENCE STORE IN ALABAMA  
HIS ARMS AND HANDS WERE  
SCRATCHED UP.

HE HAD DRIED BLOOD ON HIS  
HANDS.

HE HAD A LITTLE SPOT OF BLOOD  
ON HIS SHIRT.

>> WAS THERE ANY OTHER BLOOD  
LIKE, A POOL OF BLOOD OR  
ANYTHING FOUND IN THE TRAILER?

>> NO. THERE WAS A BLOOD SPOT ON A  
MULTICOLORED SHEET OR A WHITE,  
OR A WHITE QUILT, ONE OF THE  
TWO.

THERE WAS A BLOOD STAIN THAT  
CAME BACK TO MIA BROWN.

THE BLOOD, AS YOU SAY IN THE  
DUCT TAPE WAS MIA BROWN.

THERE WAS ALSO HAIR, PULLED  
HAIRS IN THE TRAILER AND THE  
EXPERT TESTIMONY PRESENTED THAT  
THERE WAS DNA ON THE HAIR  
FOLLICLES WHICH INDICATED THEY  
WERE FORCEFULLY PULLED OUT NOT  
THAT THEY JUST DROPPED OUT  
NATURALLY.

THERE WERE SEVERAL OF HER HAIRS  
ON CLOTHING AROUND THE TRAILER.

ONCE --

>> COULD YOU EXPLAIN THE  
STATE'S THEORY, IN OTHER WORDS,  
WE KNOW THEY KNEW EACH OTHER.  
THEY HAD SEEN EACH OTHER  
EARLIER THAT DAY.  
SHE SAID, WHEN I GET OFF WORK,  
I WILL GIVE YOU A RIDE.  
SHE WAS GOING TO GIVE HIM A RIDE  
WHERE?

>> WELL, IN HIS, THE DEFENSE  
STATEMENT, HE WANTED A RIDE TO  
BRITTANY MIXON'S HOUSE, THAT IS  
HIS GIRLFRIEND.

MR. BUSH STANDING THERE  
LISTENING TO IT, MENTIONED  
GOING TO A PLACE CALLED PARTY  
SHACK.

>> SHE IS MARRIED?

>> MISS BROWN IS MARRIED TO  
BRANDON BROWN, VERY HAPPILY  
MARRIED.

>> SHE GOES TO PICK HIM UP.

THE IDEA DID SHE GO INTO THE  
TRAILER VOLUNTARILY TO GET HIM?

IN OTHER WORDS WHAT DOES THE  
STATE SAY HAPPENED?

WHAT HAPPENED?

HE DIDN'T SEXUALLY, THERE IS  
NO EVIDENCE OF SEXUAL ASSAULT  
OR IS THERE A THEORY --

>> HER BODY WAS TOO DAMAGED.

>> SO HE MAY HAVE TRIED TO RAPE  
HER IN THE TRAILER?

>> OF COURSE.

>> WHAT DID THE STATE ARGUE,  
I'M ASKING?

>> OF COURSE THE STATE, MY VERY  
EXPERIENCED PROSECUTOR DIDN'T  
INTRODUCE ANY KIND OF OTHER  
CRIMES.

WE DIDN'T CHARGE HIM WITH  
SEXUAL BATTERY.

WE DIDN'T ARGUE THAT HE  
SEXUALLY BATTERED HER.

WHEN YOU LOOK AT REASONABLE

INFERENCES, THE STATE DIDN'T  
CHARGE THAT HE, YOU KNOW,  
DRAGGED HER INTO THE TRAILER.  
WE KNOW AT 8:40 SHE IS AT JERRY  
GAMMONS'S HOUSE. SHE IS LOST.  
SHE IS LOOKING FOR JOHNNY MACK.  
AFTER THAT WE DON'T KNOW.  
WE KNOW THERE IS A STRUGGLE IN  
THE TRAILER.  
HER BLOOD IS IN THE TRAILER.  
NOT A GREAT DEAL OF BLOOD.  
NOT POOLS OF BLOOD.  
IT WAS BLOOD, SMALL AMOUNTS OF  
BLOOD.  
THAT AND JUST A SMALL POINT,  
THE CAR WAS ACTUALLY FOUND ON  
DECEMBER 20th.  
NOT ON DECEMBER 18th.  
AT THE TIME HE IS AT THE  
BROOKS, THE CAR WAS FOUND ON  
THE 20th.  
MR. MULBERRY I BELIEVED  
TESTIFIED THE CAR WAS FOUND ON

THE 20th.

>> WAS HER PURSE IN THE  
TRAILER?

>> HER PURSE WAS FOUND IN THE  
TRAILER.

BRITTANY MIXON, WHO IS THE  
DEFENDANT'S ON AGAIN, OFF AGAIN  
GIRLFRIEND, FOUND MIA'S PURSE  
IN THE TRAILER.

ALSO FOUND, AND WE CAN, JUSTICE  
PERRY, THIS SORT OF GOES TO  
YOUR QUESTION, MORE IN THE AREA  
OF PROBABLY AROUND SEVEN HOURS  
BECAUSE IN THE TRAILER WAS  
FOUND THE SD CARD FROM HER  
CAMERA WHICH SHE CARRIED AROUND  
ALL THE TIME.

HER CAMERA WAS MISSING.

CELL PHONE WAS MISSING.

NEVER RECOVERED.

ON THE FLOOR OF THE TRAILER WAS  
AN SD CARD.

SHE TOOK OR HER CAMERA TOOK A



PICTURE OF THE CEILING OF  
CALHOUN'S TRAILER, AROUND 3:30,  
4:00 IN THE MORNING.  
BY 5:30 OR 6:00 BECAUSE HE IS AT A  
CONVENIENCE STORE IN ALABAMA,  
DRIVING A CAR WITH WHITE  
FOUR-DOOR CAR WITH FLORIDA  
PLATES.

CALHOUN DOESN'T HAVE A CAR.  
>> FROM 9:00 TO 3:00 THEY'RE IN  
THE TRAILER TOGETHER?

AND 3:30 SHE'S STILL IN THE  
TRAILER?

>> WE KNOW THAT, WE KNOW THAT  
AT 3:30 APPROXIMATELY, THE  
CAMERA, HER CAMERA TOOK A  
PHOTOGRAPH OF HIS CEILING.

THAT'S WHAT WE KNOW.

SO, IT, I THINK IT IS A FAIR  
INFERENCE THAT HE TOOK HER OUT  
SOMETIME AROUND THAT TIME.

WE ALSO HAVE EVIDENCE BY THE  
DEFENSE THAT THERE WAS A LOUD

NOISE SOMEWHERE AROUND 3:00 AND  
THEY DESCRIBED IT AS, ONE  
DESCRIBED IT AS METAL ON METAL,  
LIKE AN ACCIDENT.

TWO DESCRIBED IT AS SORT OF A  
LOUD BANG.

THE CORRECTIONS OFFICER  
TESTIFIED SAID IT COULD HAVE  
BEEN CONSISTENT WITH THE  
SLAMMING OF A TRUNK OR A CAR  
DOOR.

SO I THINK, GOING BACK TO THE,  
TO COLD, CALCULATED, WE HAVE  
HIM SHOWING UP AT A CONVENIENCE  
STORE.

HE'S BUYING CIGARETTES.

HE IS CHATTING WITH HIS FRIEND  
DARREN.

NOTHING TO INDICATE HE IS  
ACTING OUT OF FRENZY, PANIC OR  
RAGE.

HE DOWN AND GAGGED HER.

HE STUFFED HER INTO THE TRUNK

OF HER OWN CAR.

HE DROVE HER MILES FROM HOME.

AT SOME POINT HE ACQUIRED

ACCELERANT.

THAT IS AN IMPORTANT POINT.

IT WAS LIGHT PETROLEUM

DISTILLATE HE POURED INTO THE

BACK SEAT OF THE CAR.

IT WASN'T GASOLINE.

IT WAS NOT SOMETHING IN HER

CAR.

IT WAS COLEMAN FUEL.

HIS CAMPSITE WAS 148 FEET FROM

THE PLACE WHERE THE CAR WAS

FOUND.

SO HE ACQUIRED THIS FUEL AT

SOME LOCATION.

HE, POURED ACCELERANT INTO THE

PASSENGER COMPARTMENT AND HE

SET THE CAR ABLAZE.

HE COULD HAVE, AS THIS COURT

HAS SAID, WHEN SOMEONE COULD

HAVE LET THE VICTIM GO AND

DOESN'T THAT SUPPORT THE CCP?

AND SO, GIVEN THE TIME FRAME,  
THERE'S ABSOLUTELY NO EVIDENCE  
THAT HE WAS UNDER ANY KIND OF  
RAGE OR PASSION OR UNDER THE  
INFLUENCE OF DRUGS.

EVEN IN HIS OWN STATEMENT HE  
SAID HE HADN'T USED METH FOR  
FIVE DAYS BEFORE THE MURDER.

SO THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO  
EVIDENCE THAT HE WAS ACTING IN  
SOME SORT OF HEAT OF PASSION.

INSTEAD HE COLDLY PUT HER IN  
THE TRUNK OF THE CAR, DROVE HER  
AWAY FROM HOME, OBTAINED THE  
MURDER WEAPON AND SET HER  
ABLAZE.

THE MEDICAL EXAMINER'S  
TESTIMONY ESTABLISHED CLEARLY  
SHE BREATHED IN NOT ONLY SOOT  
BUT FIRE INTO HER LUNGS.

THERE IS COMPETENT SUBSTANTIAL  
EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THE CCP

ALSO FOR AVOID ARREST, THIS  
COURT CONSISTENTLY CONFIRMED  
AVOID ARREST WHEN THE DEFENDANT  
DRIVES THE VICTIM AWAY FROM A  
SPECIFIC LOCATION AND, KILLS  
HER AND HIDES THE BODY.

SO WE HAVE HIM TAKING HER AWAY  
FROM, IN THE TRUNK OF HIS CAR,  
SECRETING, HE DID SUCH A GOOD  
JOB OF SECRETING THE BODY THAT  
LIEUTENANT RALEY AT THE  
CAMPSITE ON THE AFTERNOON OF  
THE 17TH,  
BRITTANY MIXON TOOK HIM OUT  
WHERE HE HAD A CAMPSITE AND HE  
WAS SUCCESSFULLY HID THE CAR SO  
MUCH THAT WHEN LIEUTENANT  
RALEY WAS AT OUT AT THE  
CAMPSITE HE COULDN'T FIND IT OR  
DIDN'T FIND IT.

>> WAS THERE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN  
ACTIONS TAKEN AFTER A KILLING  
OR TO AVOID ARREST AND

MURDERING A, A VICTIM TO AVOID  
ARREST?

IN OTHER WORDS, THERE'S,  
SOMEONE KILLS SOMEBODY, AND IT  
COULD BE ACCIDENTAL BUT THEN  
SAYS, I'M GOING TO TAKE STEPS  
TO HIDE THE BODY OR HIDE  
EVIDENCE OF MY, OF THE CRIME,  
LIKE WE HAD IN ONE OF THE  
PREVIOUS CASES?

>> SURE.

LET'S SAY, LET'S SAY THAT THERE  
WAS EVIDENCE THAT DEFINITELY  
SHE DIED AT THE TRAILER.

SHE DIDN'T DIE IN THE FIRE.

SHE DIED IN THE TRAILER.

I THINK THEN YOU WOULD, THEN I  
THINK YOU WOULD HAVE AN ISSUE  
WITH AVOID ARREST, COLD,  
CALCULATED, PREMEDITATED.

WE KNOW SHE WAS ALIVE AND BOUND  
AND GAGGED IN TRUNK OF THE CAR.  
AND HE DROVE THE CAR WITH HER

IN THE TRUNK ALIVE THROUGH THE  
WOODS, TO CLOSE TO WHERE HIS  
CAMPSITE WAS, INTO THE WOODS.  
RUNNING, HE RAN INTO TREES BUT  
PUT ENOUGH INTO THE WOODS, HE  
SET IT AFIRE AND COMPLETELY  
DESTROYED THE CAR.

>> THERE WAS NO EVIDENCE OF  
TAKING ANY MONEY FROM HER OR  
ANYTHING OF THAT NATURE?

>> NO.

>> AGAIN, I GUESS I WOULD  
SEARCH FOR A MOTIVE WHEN MANY  
OF THESE CASES ARE SO SENSELESS  
BUT THE LOGIC TO ME,  
INFERENCE THERE WAS EITHER A  
VOLUNTARY SEXUAL RELATIONSHIP  
AT SOME POINT IN THE TRAILER,  
THAT AT SOME POINT TURNED NOT  
TO BE VOLUNTARY AND THAT'S  
WHEN THE STRUGGLE ENSUED.

>> JUSTICE PARIENTE, THERE IS  
ABSOLUTELY NO EVIDENCE THIS

WOMAN HAPPILY MARRIED TO  
BRANDON, WOULD HAVE HAD  
CONSENSUAL SEX.

IN FACT IN HIS STATEMENT HE  
DENIED CONSENSUAL SEX.

IN FACT TALKED ABOUT HOW  
HAPPILY MARRIED SHE WAS.

>> IN WHO'S STATEMENT?

>> THE DEFENDANT'S.

>> THE DEFENDANT, DEFENDANT'S  
STORY WAS, WE'RE NOT REALLY  
CREDITING WHAT THE DEFENDANT  
HAD TO SAY HERE, ARE WE?

>> I'M SORRY?

>> WE'RE NOT CREDITING WHAT THE  
DEFENDANT HAD TO SAY?

>> I'M SAYING THERE IS  
ABSOLUTELY NOTHING IN THIS  
RECORD TO SUSPECT SHE --

>> THERE IS NO REASON TO  
SPECULATE THAT THE VICTIM HAD  
CONSENSUAL SEX WITH THE  
DEFENDANT?



>> ABSOLUTELY NOT.

>> THAT IS PURE SPECULATION.

>> ABSOLUTELY RIGHT, JUSTICE  
CANADY.

>> OR ANY --

>> LOOKING AT THE RECORD,  
THERE'S IN THE RECORD, THERE IS  
EVIDENCE THAT SHE DIDN'T.

AND SO --

>> ALL MY POINT --

>> OR HAD ANY SEX AT ALL.

>> MY ONLY QUESTION WAS, WE  
HAVE A MURDER.

WE'RE TRYING TO FIGURE OUT A  
MOTIVE FOR A MURDER.

IT IS TO AVOID ARREST.

WHAT WAS THE REASON SHE IS IN  
THE TRAILER FOR SIX HOURS AND  
WE DON'T KNOW THAT?

>> WE DON'T KNOW THAT.

WE DON'T KNOW THAT.

WE DO KNOW SHE PUT UP A HELL OF  
A FIGHT BECAUSE HE WAS ALL

SCRATCHED UP AND WELL BEFORE HE  
WENT INTO THE WOODS.

WHEN HE WAS AT THE CONVENIENCE  
STORE HE TOLD MISS SHERRY THAT,  
WHO ASKED ABOUT THEM THAT HE  
HAD GOTTEN THEM DEER HUNTING.

WE DO KNOW SHE PUT UP A FIGHT  
AND UNFORTUNATELY LOST.

SO, THIS COURT CONSISTENT WITH  
THIS COURT'S PRECEDENT THAT  
WHERE THE, WHEN THE DEFENDANT  
IS ACQUAINTED WITH THE VICTIM  
AND CARRIES AWAY HER AWAY FROM  
THE LOCATION IN WHICH THEY WERE  
INITIALLY AND EXECUTES HER,  
WHICH IS WHAT THIS WAS, THEN  
AVOID ARREST IS SUPPORTED BY  
COMPETENT SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

LET ME TALK ABOUT THE RULE  
OF COMPLETENESS.

CALHOUN SAYS THE SECOND  
STATEMENT IS SO CRITICAL  
BECAUSE IT LEFT THE JURY WITH

THE IMPRESSION THAT HE WAS  
LYING OR HE, BECAUSE NO ONE  
KNEW WHETHER, YOU KNOW, CALHOUN  
COULDN'T HAVE KNOWN SHE WAS AT  
THE TRAILER THAT NIGHT BECAUSE  
SHE WAS KIDNAPPED.

AT TRIAL THEY DIDN'T DISPUTE  
SHE WAS AT THE TRAILER.

THEY NEVER DISPUTED ABOUT THE  
TRAILER.

THE ONLY LOGICAL OR ONLY REASON  
TO INTRODUCE EVIDENCE THAT HAS  
MIA EVER BEEN THERE BEFORE TO  
PREVENT THE JURY FROM  
SPECULATING, I WONDER WHETHER  
THOSE HAIRS GOT THERE EARLIER?  
I WONDER WHETHER THE DNA GOT  
THERE EARLIER.

IT WASN'T INTRODUCED TO MAKE  
HIM LOOK LIKE A LIAR OR REFUTE  
ANY NOTION SHE WAS THERE ON THE  
NIGHT OR NOT.

THEY ADMITTED SHE WAS THERE. IT

WAS SOME OTHER DUDE DID IT.

SHE WAS THERE. CALHOUN WAS NOT.

SO THAT WAS THE DEFENSE.

SO ANY NOTION THAT THIS, AND

NOWHERE IN HIS STATEMENT DID HE

EVER SAY SHE WAS AT HIS TRAILER

BEFORE.

IN FACT A COUPLE PLACES HE SAID

NO. WE SOCIALIZED BEFORE WHEN I

LIVED AT A PLACE WHERE THERE

WAS A POOL TABLE BUT SHE HAS

NEVER BEEN IN MY TRAILER

BEFORE.

THAT WAS THE ONLY REASON FOR

THE FACT THAT SHE WASN'T THERE

BEFORE TO PRECLUDE ANY KIND OF

ARGUMENT LATER OR SPECULATION

ON THE JURY'S PART, GEE, I

WONDER THE HAIRS GOT THERE

EARLIER WHEN SHE WAS THERE, TWO

DAYS BEFORE, THREE DAYS,

BEFORE, FOUR DAYS BEFORE.

HIS TESTIMONY SHE HADN'T EVER

BEEN THERE BEFORE THE ONLY TIME  
PULLED HAIRS GOT IN THE  
TRAILER, ONLY TIME THE BLOOD  
GOT ON THE DUCT TAPE AND ONLY  
TIME THE BLOOD GOT ON THE SHEET  
AND QUILT WAS WHEN HE WAS  
ASSAULTING HER AND FIGHTING FOR  
HER LIFE.

SO NOTHING IN HIS STATEMENT  
CLARIFIED THAT BECAUSE THAT WAS  
THE OBVIOUS RELEVANCE OF THAT  
TESTIMONY.

INSOFAR AS THE BROOKS  
TESTIMONY, THE, GOING BACK AND,  
YOU KNOW, IT'S THE STATE'S  
POSITION IF A DEFENDANT WISHES  
TO INTRODUCE OTHER PARTS OF A  
STATEMENT TO THE POLICE AND  
NOW, LIEUTENANT RALEY TESTIFIED  
TO THIS. HE WAS ASKED SPECIFIC  
QUESTIONS.

DID YOU ASK HIM WHETHER HE KNEW  
MIA?

YES.

HE KNEW MIA.

HE SAID THEY WERE FRIENDS.

SO THE STATEMENT ITSELF DIDN'T  
COME INTO EVIDENCE.

THE STATEMENT WAS NEVER  
PROFFERED INTO EVIDENCE AS PART  
OF THE RULE OF COMPLETENESS.

AT NO TIME DID THE DEFENSE  
COUNSEL EVER SAY TO THE JUDGE,  
JUDGE, LOOK, I NEED THIS PART  
OF THE STATEMENT IN BECAUSE  
OTHERWISE THIS TESTIMONY FROM  
LIEUTENANT RALEY IS TAKEN OUT  
OF CONTEXT.

THEY NEVER, SHE NEVER, WHEN THE  
BROOKS TESTIFIED SHE NEVER  
PROFFERED THAT SHE WANTED TO  
ASK THE BROOKS, WELL, DID HE  
TELL YOU THAT HE HAD BEEN  
KIDNAPPED?

AND NOTHING ABOUT THAT  
KIDNAPPING STORY, HIM BEING AT

THE BROOKS HOUSE IS CLARIFIED  
BECAUSE HE WAS NOT KIDNAPPED  
AND TAKEN TO THE BROOKS HOUSE.  
HE IS NOT LEFT ON THE  
BROOKS PROPERTY AND THE BROOKS  
DIDN'T KIDNAP HIM.

THE FACT IS HE WAS IN THE AREA  
WAS NOT EXPLAINED NECESSARILY  
BY WHAT HE SAID.

AND HE WAS OF COURSE ABLE TO,  
THERE WAS NOTHING TO PREVENT  
HIM FROM OFFERING THIS DEFENSE  
AT TRIAL.

WHICH BY THE WAY, AS FAR AS  
WHEN YOU'RE LOOKING AT HARMLESS  
ERROR, THAT WASN'T HIS DEFENSE.  
HE NEVER SAID, YOU KNOW, YOU'RE  
PREVENTING ME BY NOT LETTING  
THIS IN FROM OFFERING MY  
DEFENSE AT TRIAL.

IN FACT HIS STATEMENT WAS  
INCONSISTENT WITH HIS DEFENSE  
AT TRIAL.

THE DEFENSE AT TRIAL WAS SOME  
OTHER DUDE DID IT, PROBABLY  
AROUND 3:00 IN THE MORNING  
BECAUSE THERE WERE THESE BIG  
PRY MARKS ON MY TRAILER DOOR  
THAT WEREN'T THERE BEFORE.  
HIS UNCLE TESTIFIED TO THAT,  
THESE PRY MARKS WERE NOT THERE  
THE DAY BEFORE.  
BRITTANY NIXON SAID THEY USED  
TO PRY THE DOOR OPEN ALL THE  
TIME BECAUSE THEY LOST THE KEY  
TO THE TRAILER.  
THE UNCLE SAID THOSE WERE  
REALLY BIG PRY MARKS AND NOT  
THERE THE NIGHT BEFORE.  
BUT IN HIS OWN STATEMENT HE  
SAID THAT THIS GUY LANCE, WHO  
PUT CHLOROFORM OR SOMETHING  
OVER HIS NOSE KIDNAPPED HIM  
OUTSIDE THE TRAILER AT 6:00 IN  
THE EVENING.  
SO, MOREOVER, THERE WAS THINGS



IN THAT STATEMENT THAT NO  
REASONABLE DEFENSE COUNSEL  
WOULD HAVE WANTED TO COME IN.  
THAT HE USES METH.  
THAT HE IS SEXUALLY PROMISCUOUS  
AND ADULTEROUS.  
AND THERE WERE THINGS IN  
STATEMENT.  
THERE WAS THE BROOKS EVIDENCE  
THAT HE WAS FOUND SLEEPING ON  
THE BARN COVERED UP WITH  
SLEEPING BAGS.  
HE SAID HE WENT AND KNOCKED ON  
THE DOOR.  
HE SAID WHEN HE DIDN'T GET AN  
ANSWER AND SAT IN CHAIRS IN  
THEIR SHED.  
SO THE STATE'S POSITION IS  
THAT WHEN YOU WANT TO INVOKE  
THE RULE OF COMPLETENESS YOU  
HAVE TO TELL THE TRIAL JUDGE, I  
WANT THIS PART OF THE STATEMENT  
IN BECAUSE OTHERWISE IT'S NOT,

IT'S TAKEN OUT OF CONTEXT OR IT MISLEADS.

THAT IS WHAT THE RULE OF COMPLETENESS IS.

IT IS NOT A PER SE RULE IF ONE LITTLE PART OF THE STATEMENT COMES IN THE OTHER STATEMENT HAS TO COME IN.

IT IS A MATTER OF FAIRNESS.

WHAT, HOW CAN YOU PRECLUDE THE STATE FROM INTRODUCING EVIDENCE.

MY FAVORITE AND MY FAVORITE ANALOGY OF THAT IS, IS THE RULE OF COMPLETENESS PREVENTS THE STATE FROM PUTTING IN EVIDENCE THAT THE DEFENDANT SAID, I SHOT THE MAN AND LEAVE OUT, AND OMIT THE PART WHERE HE SAID, IN SELF-DEFENSE.

THAT IS WHAT THE RULE OF COMPLETENESS IS FOR, TO PREVENT THAT SORT OF TAKEN OUT OF

CONTEXT MISLEADING.

SORT OF LIKE IN THE WHITFIELD  
CASE APPELLANT CITED TO IN HIS  
REPLY BRIEF.

THAT IS WHAT HAPPENED.

THE DEFENDANT WAS FOUND IN  
SOMEONE'S APARTMENT.

I WENT TO THE APARTMENT TO  
SMOKE COCAINE AND I KNEW THE  
OWNER WASN'T AT HOME.

WELL THE PART THAT THE TRIAL  
COURT LEFT OUT OR ERRED IN  
LEAVING OUT WAS, EVIDENCE THAT  
HE SAID I HAVE PERMISSION OF  
THE HOMEOWNER, CENTRAL TO HIS  
DEFENSE.

THIS WAS NOT THE CASE. THE,  
MOREOVER AS I THINK YOU NOTED  
NOTHING ABOUT THESE STATEMENTS  
IN THEMSELVES WERE INCULPATORY.  
THIS WAS NOT A CASE WHERE THE  
STATE INTRODUCED HIS ADMISSIONS  
AND WANTED TO KEEP OUT HIS 20

PROTESTATIONS OF INNOCENCE

EARLIER.

NONE OF THE STATEMENTS BY

THEMSELVES WERE INCULPATORY.

IN FACT MOST WERE TESTIFIED TO

OTHER WITNESSES.

DID YOU KNOW MIA BROWN, HIS

GIRLFRIEND AND BUSH DID THAT.

DID YOU ASK FOR A RIDE?

HIS ADMISSION HE DID WAS

CORROBORATED BY MR. BUSH.

AND SO, FOR INSTANCE, AND SO,

ALMOST EVERYTHING WITH THE

EXCEPTION OF, WERE YOU IN THE

TRAILER, I MEAN WAS SHE EVER IN

THE TRAILER BEFORE, WAS BROUGHT

OUT BY OTHER WITNESSES.

SO WHEN YOU LOOK AT THAT, THE

FACT THAT THE TRIAL, THE TRIAL

DEFENSE, OR CALHOUN FAILED TO

OFFER THE PARTS OF THE

STATEMENT HE FELT WAS RELEVANT,

THE FACT THAT IT WAS

INCONSISTENT WITH THE DEFENSE

HE OFFERED AT TRIAL.

IT WAS CORROBORATED BY OTHER

WITNESSES.

IF THERE'S VIOLATION IT IS

CERTAINLY HARMLESS BEYOND A

REASONABLE DOUBT.

BUT BECAUSE THE DEFENSE FAILED

TO CORROBORATE IT AND ACTUALLY

IN FACT NOTHING ABOUT THE

STATEMENT PUTS THE DEFENDANT'S

FACT STATEMENTS IN CONTEXT,

THIS, THERE'S NO VIOLATION OF

RULE OF COMPLETENESS.

IF THIS COURT HAS NO OTHER

QUESTIONS, THE STATE WOULD ASK

THAT THIS COURT AFFIRM JOHNNY

CALHOUN'S CONVICTIONS AND

SENTENCE TO DEATH.

THANK YOU.

>> THANK YOU, REBUTTAL.

>> JUST WANT TO MAKE ONE POINT

WHETHER OR NOT THERE WAS

ACTUALLY A VIOLATION OF THE  
RULE OF COMPLETENESS.

THE STATE MADE THE ARGUMENT  
THAT THE DEFENSE SHOULD HAVE  
PUT FORWARD PARTS OF THE  
TESTIMONY THAT SHE THOUGHT WAS  
GOING TO BE IN THE INTEREST OF  
FAIRNESS, FLESH OUT THE  
STATEMENT.

WHAT'S IMPORTANT HERE IS THE  
TRIAL JUDGE RELIED UPON THE  
FACT THAT IT INCLUDED  
SELF-SERVING HEARSAY TO EXCLUDE  
IT.

SO THAT FORECLOSED ANY SORT OF  
DISCUSSION ABOUT WHETHER PARTS  
OF IT COULD BE COMING IN IN THE  
INTEREST OF FAIRNESS BECAUSE  
THE JUDGE BOUGHT THE  
PROSECUTOR'S THEORY, IF IT IS  
SELF-SERVING HEARSAY IT CAN'T  
COME IN.

THAT IS NOT THE STANDARD OF THE

RULE OF COMPLETENESS

DISCUSSION.

SELF-SERVING HEARSAY CAN NOT  
PRECLUDE INFORMATION FROM THE  
STATEMENT THAT'S PERTINENT  
UNDER THE RULE OF COMPLETENESS.

AND I WOULD POINT TO THIS  
COURT'S DECISIONS IN LAZOLIERE  
AND FIRST DISTRICT COURT CASE,  
WHITFIELD.

WHITFIELD BEING VERY CLOSE TO  
THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN THIS CASE.

I HAVE NOTHING FURTHER.

>> THANK YOU FOR YOUR  
ARGUMENTS. THE COURT IS ADJOURNED.

>> ALL RISE.